

Current Status of e-ID based on BDT Algorithm

Hai-Jun Yang

University of Michigan

(with X. Li, T. Dai, A. Wilson, B. Zhou)

BNL Analysis Jamboree

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Goals

- ATLAS default electron-ID (IsEM) has relatively low efficiency ($\sim 70\%$) and high jet faked electron rate based on our diboson and Higgs studies. The goal of e-ID algorithm development based on Boosted Decision Trees (BDT) are:
 - ➔ To improve the e-ID selection efficiency
 - ➔ To reduce faked electron rate from dijet samples (previous works)
 - ➔ To reduce faked electron rate from γ jet samples (current works)

Electron ID Studies with BDT

Select electrons in two steps

- 1) Pre-selection: an EM cluster matching a track
- 2) Apply electron ID based on pre-selected samples with different e-ID algorithms (IsEM, Likelihood, AdaBoost and **EBoost**).

BDT e-ID development at U. Michigan (Rel. v12)

- H. Yang's talk at US-ATLAS Jamboree on Sept. 10, 2008

<http://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=38991>

BDT e-ID (**EBoost**) based on Rel. v13

- H. Yang's talk at ATLAS performance and physics workshop at CERN on Oct. 2, 2008

<http://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=39296>

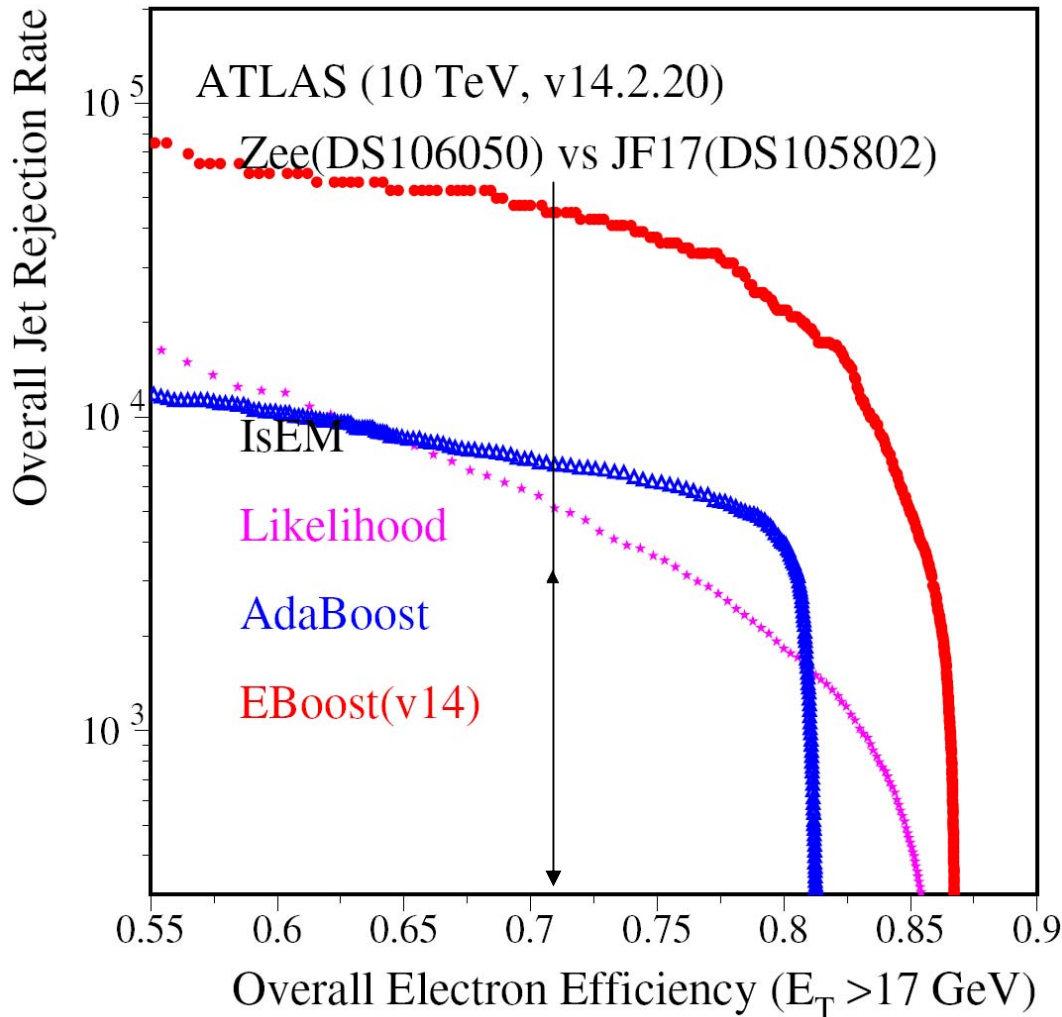
Implementation of **EBoost** in EgammaRec (Rel. v14)

- H. Yang's talk at ATLAS egamma conference on Dec. 17, 2008

<http://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=43117>

Comparison of e-ID Algorithms (v14)

→ A technical note about BDT e-ID will be submitted shortly



→ IsEM (tight)
Efficiency = 70.9%
jet rejection rate=3092

→ Likelihood
Efficiency = 71%
jet rejection rate=5200

→ AdaBoost
Efficiency = 71%
jet rejection rate=7059

→ EBoost
Efficiency = 71%
jet rejection rate=47830

Current Works on e-ID background from γ -jet and D3PD Validation

→ Background study using γ -jet Samples

- H. Yang et.al., “First Look at γ -jet samples using BDT e-ID algorithm”, [ATLAS Egamma Phone Conference, 03/09/2009](#)

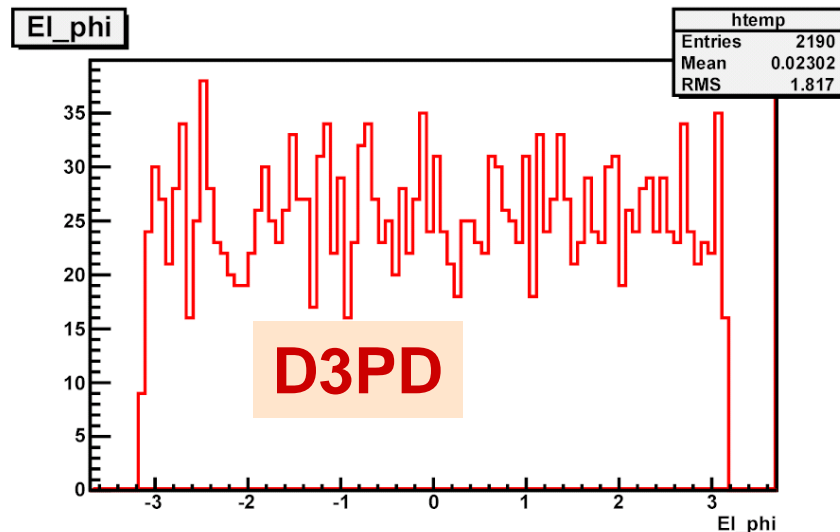
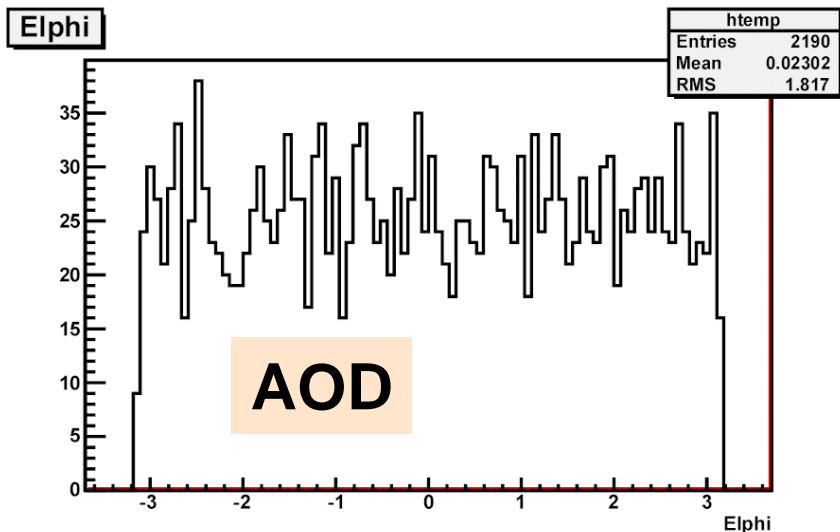
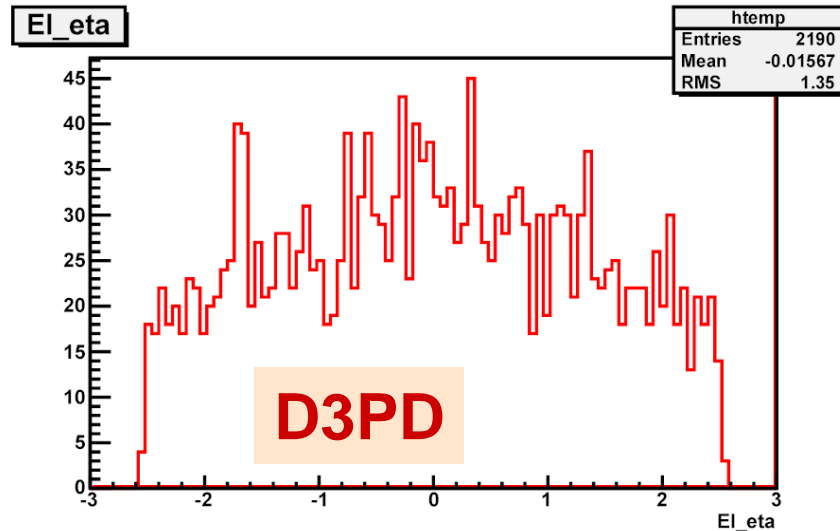
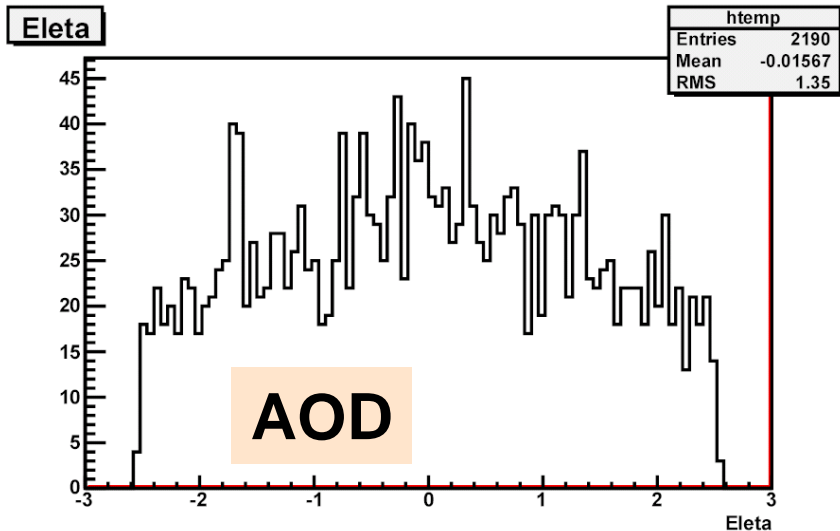
→ 1st Version D3PD Validation

- H. Yang, “Validation of D3PD using e-ID related variables”, [US-ATLAS Egamma Meeting, 01/29/2009](#)
- H. Yang, “Update on validation of D3PD using e-ID related variables”, [US-ATLAS Egamma Meeting, 02/26/2009](#)
- H. Yang, “Update of D3PD validation using e-ID related variables”, [US-ATLAS Egamma Meeting, 03/12/2009](#)

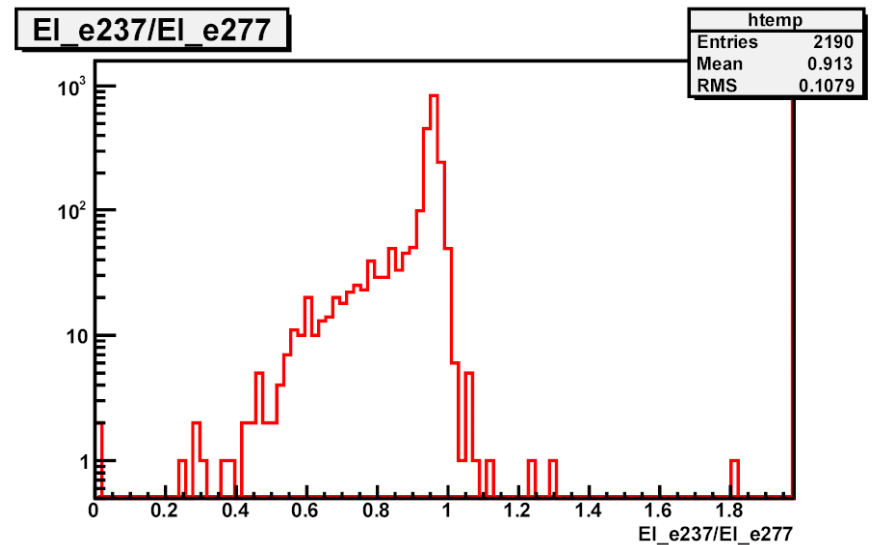
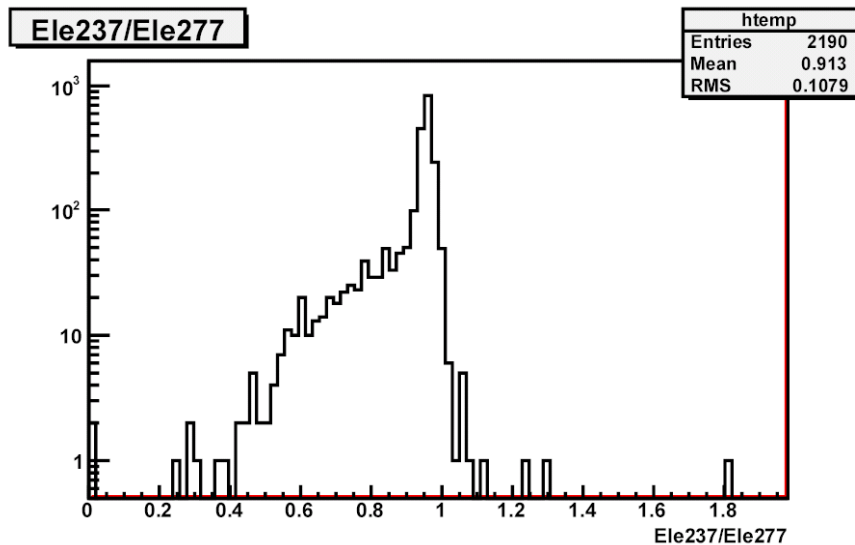
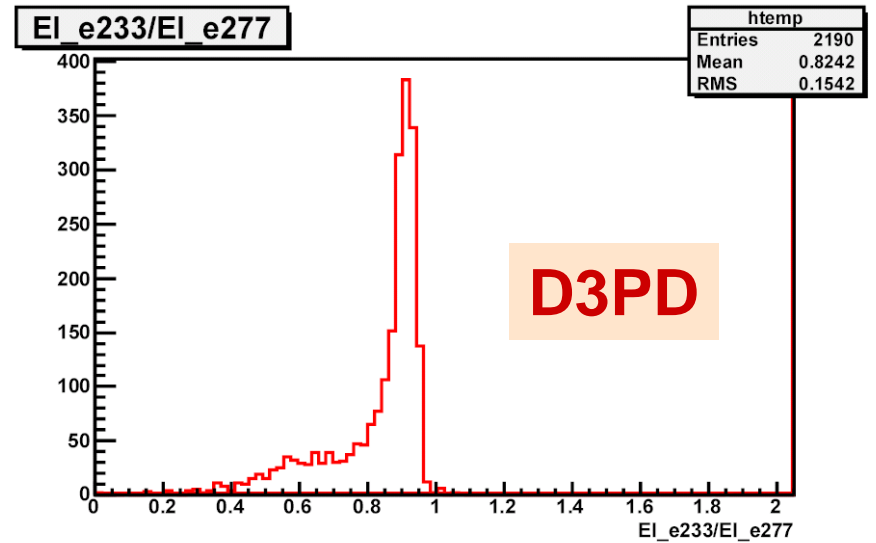
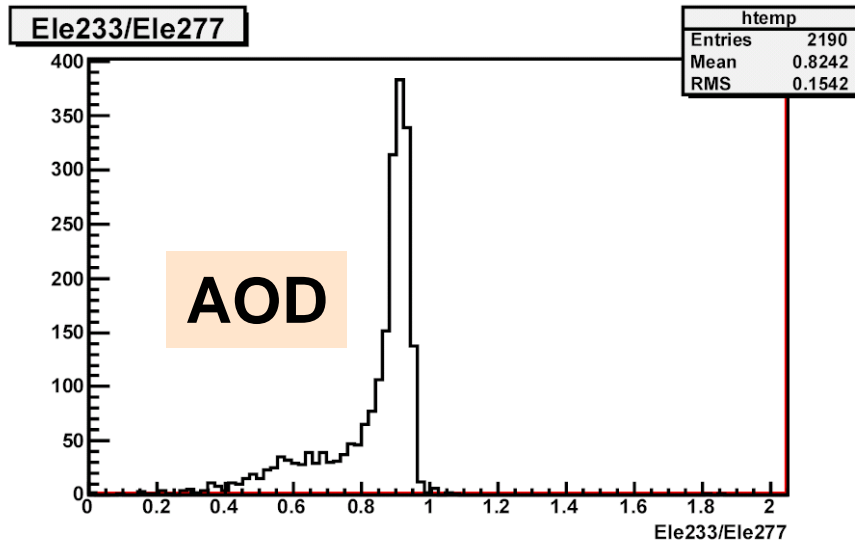
2nd Version D3PD Validation using Zee Samples

- **D3PD samples (5 files)**
 - [egamma PythiaZee_1Lepton.recon.v142203.\[1-5\].root](#)
- Five identical AOD files for validation
 - mc08.106050.PythiaZee_1Lepton.recon.AOD.e347_s462_r541_tid028675/AOD.028675._0780[2-6].pool.root.1
 - Use DoElectron.cxx to extract electron related variables.

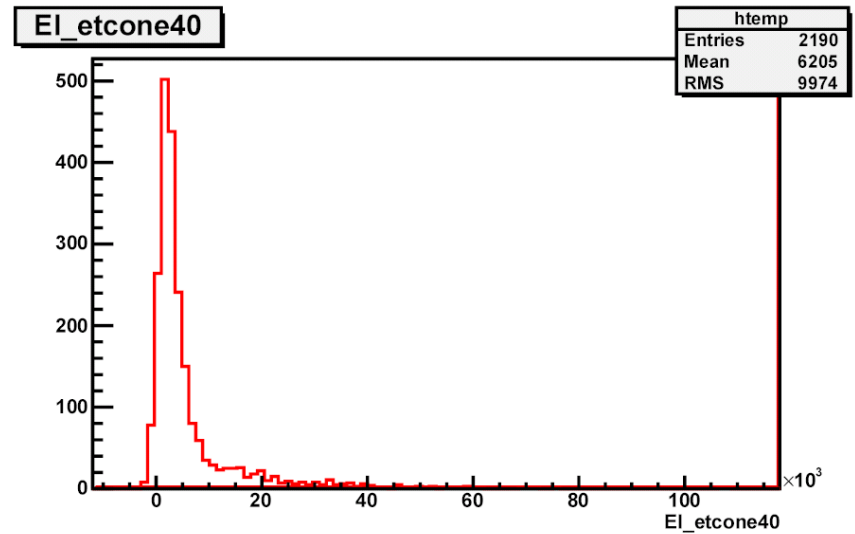
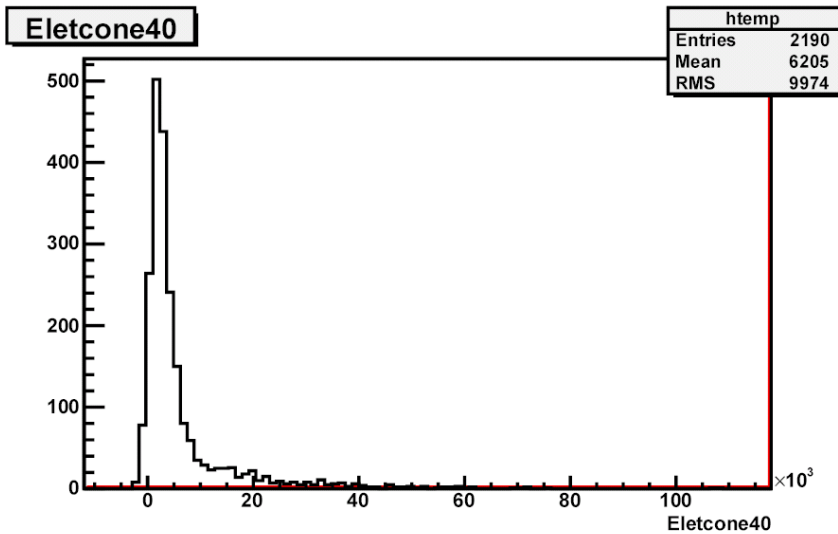
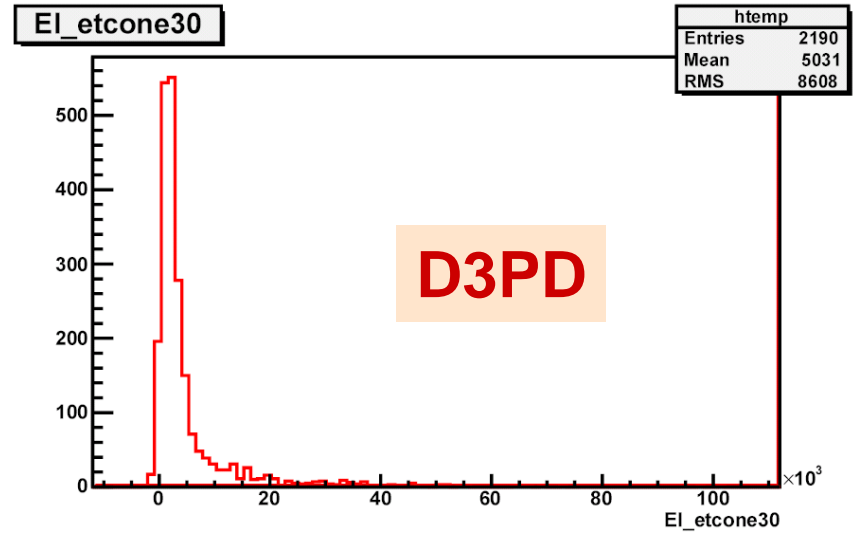
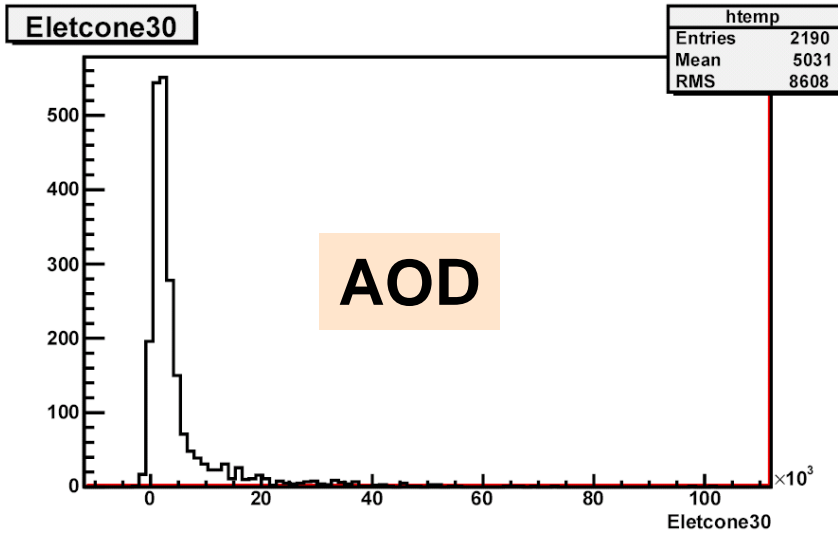
EI_Eta and EI_Phi



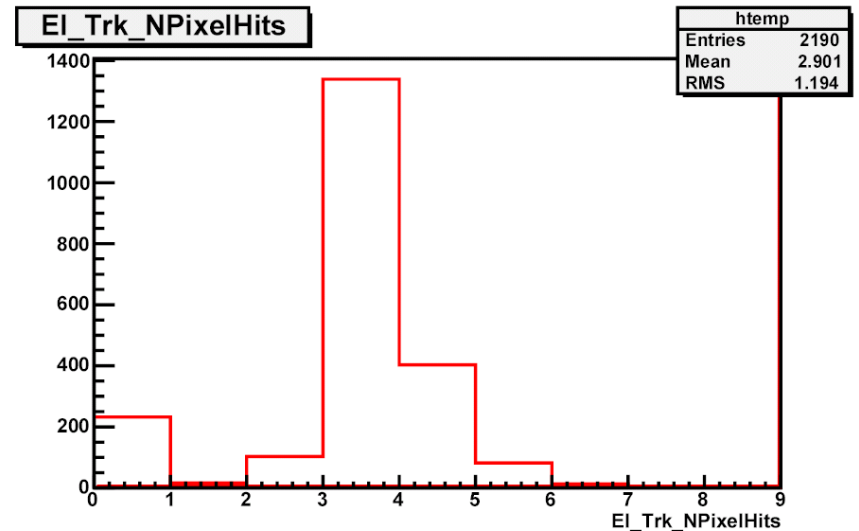
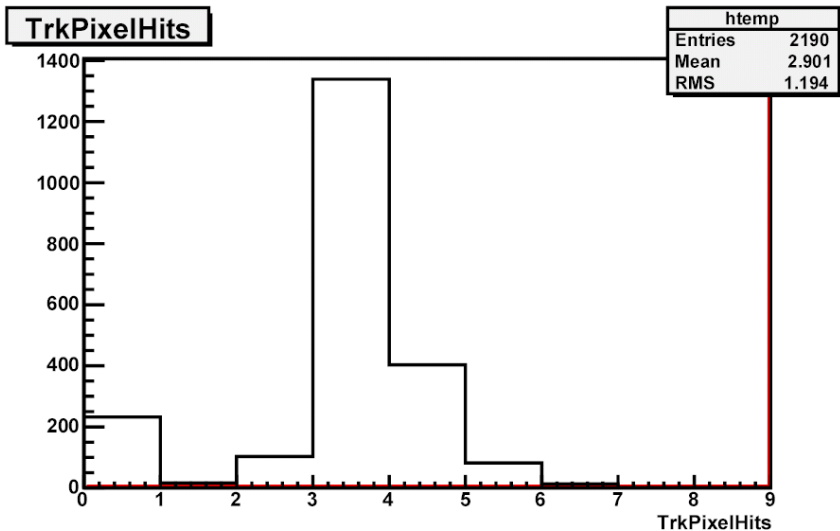
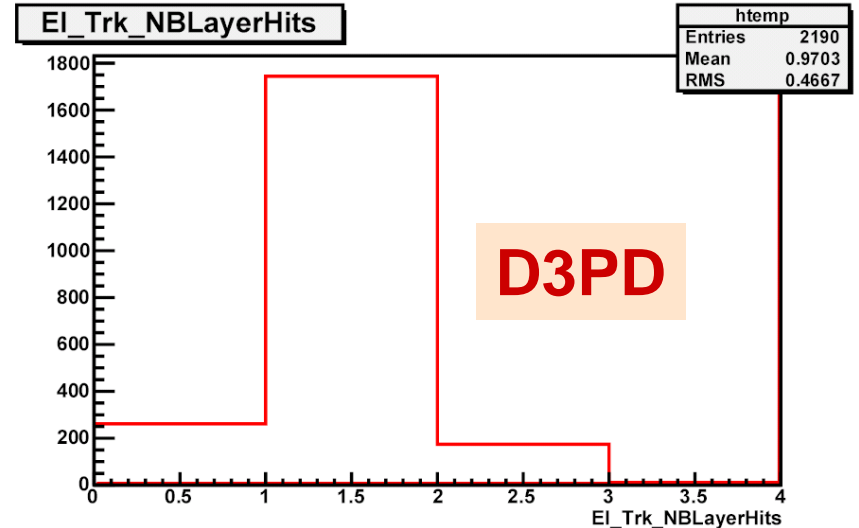
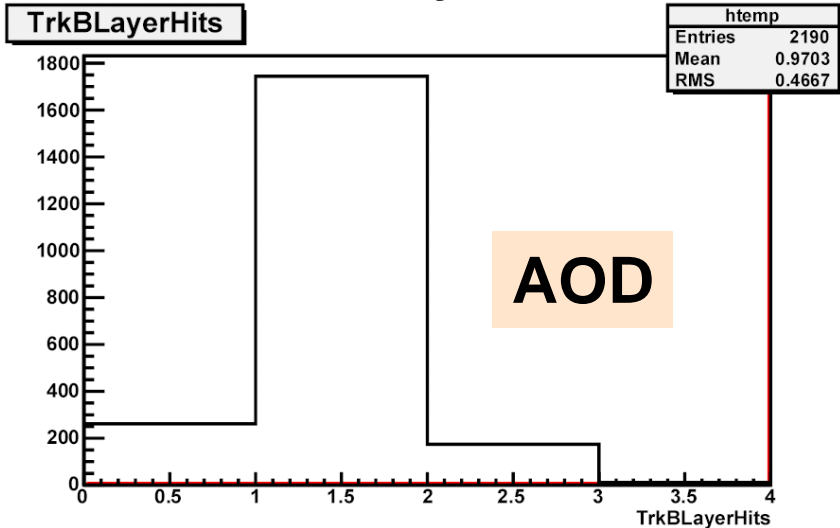
E233/E277 and E237/E277



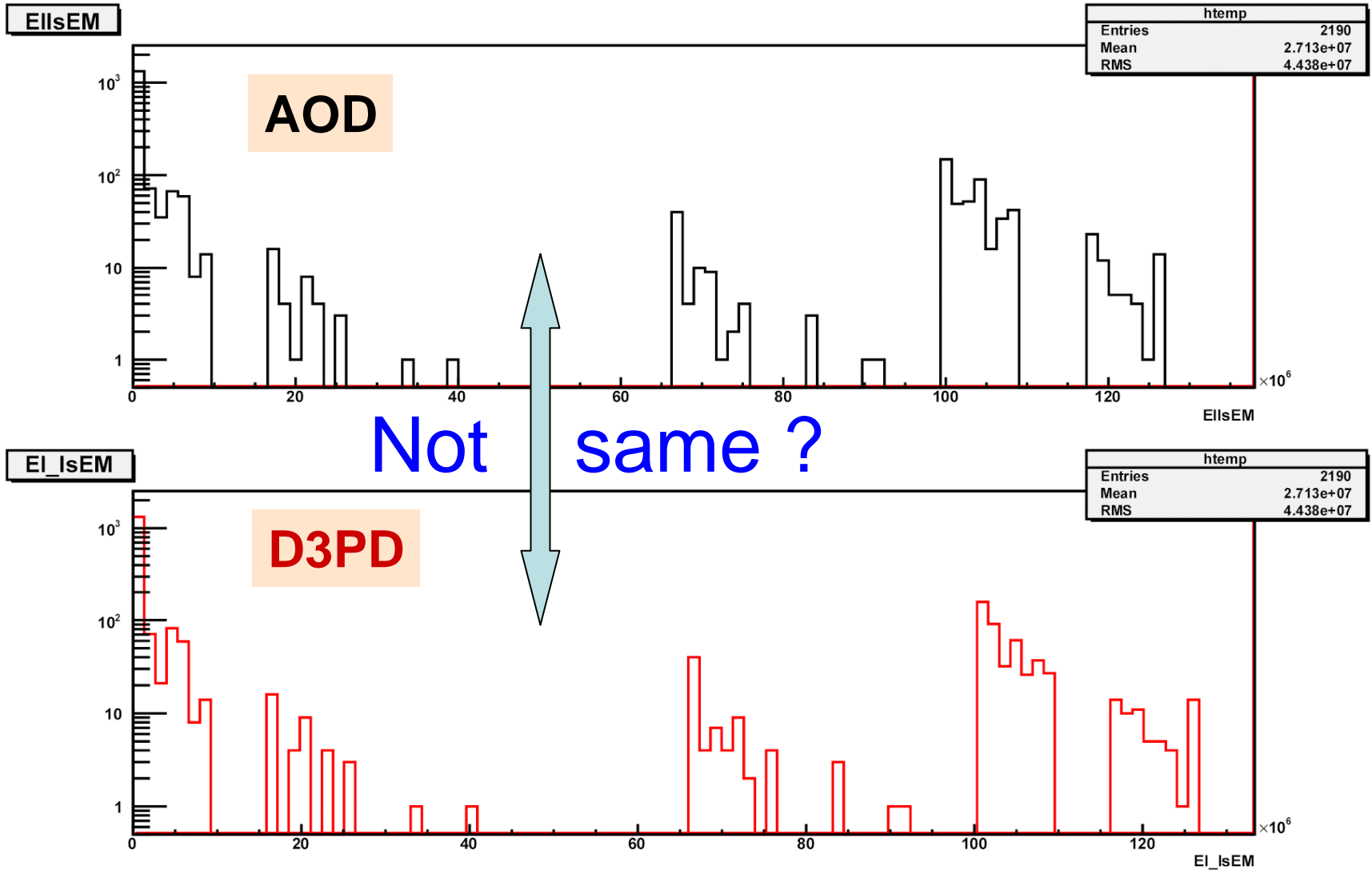
EtCone30 and EtCone40



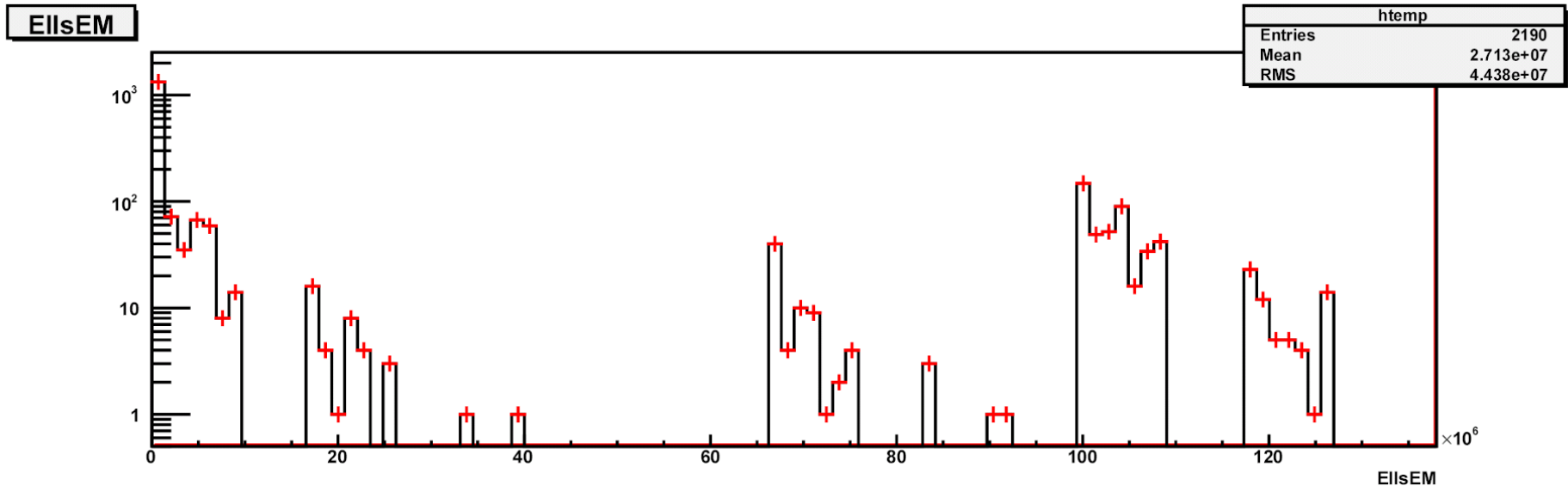
BLayerHits and Pixel Hits



EL_IsEM ?



EL_IsEM



AOD (black) and D3PD (red crosses) are identical if they are compared in same plot !

γ -jet: e-ID Background

- To estimate the γ jet and dijet rejection rates using various e-ID algorithms (IsEM, Likelihood and BDT).
- MC samples for test include:
 - DS108087, γ jet
 - DS105802, JF17 dijet
 - DS106050, $Z \rightarrow ee$ signal

MC γ jet samples for test (Pre-selection)

samples	DS108087 γ jet	DS105802 JF17 dijets	DS106050 Z \rightarrow ee
N_events	127887	237950	83690
N_candidate Et>17 GeV, $ \eta <2.5$	194046	896818	108550
N_candidate (precuts) With EM/Track match	20441	20994	94153
Rejection/Efficiency after precuts	Rejection 9.5	Rejection 42.7	Acceptance 86.7%

Results of IsEM

- $E_t > 17\text{GeV}$, Tight cuts
 - Efficiency ($Z \rightarrow ee$) = 70.9%
 - Rejection (γjet) = $426(\pm 4.7\%)$
 - Rejection ($jf17$) = $3092(\pm 5.9\%)$

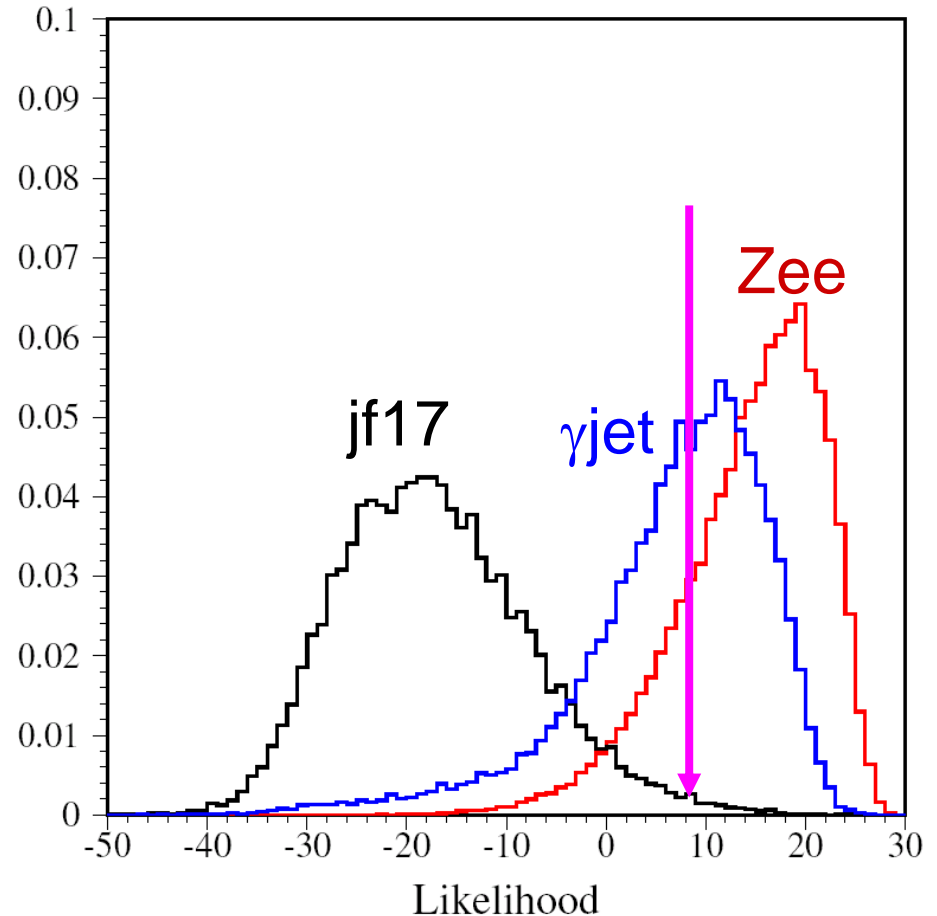
e-ID (Likelihood)

$\log(\text{ElectronWt}/\text{BgWt})$

$E_t > 17\text{GeV}$

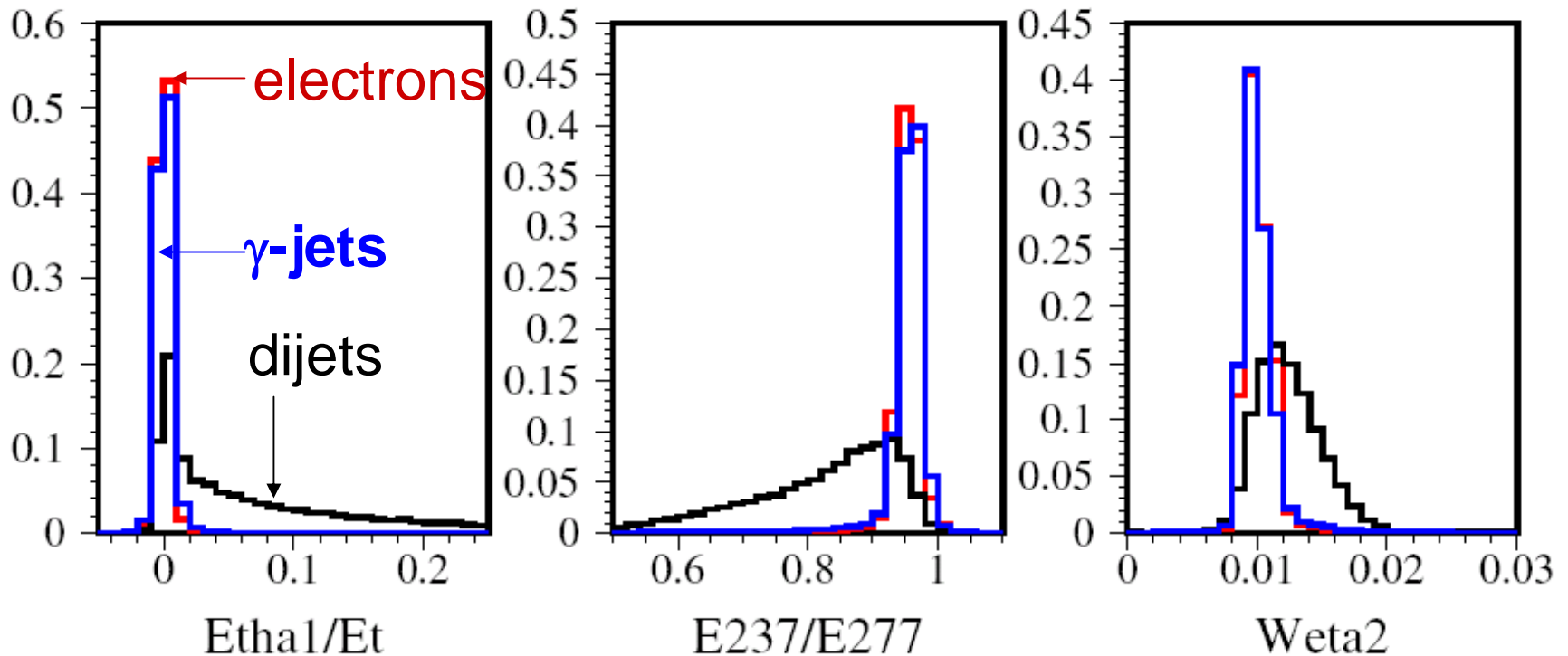
- Efficiency = 71%
- $\text{Rej}(\gamma\text{jet}) = 20 (\pm 1\%)$ **low!**
- $\text{Rej}(\text{jf17}) = 5200 (\pm 7.6\%)$

$Z \rightarrow ee$ (106050,red), JF17(105802,black), γjet (108087,blue)

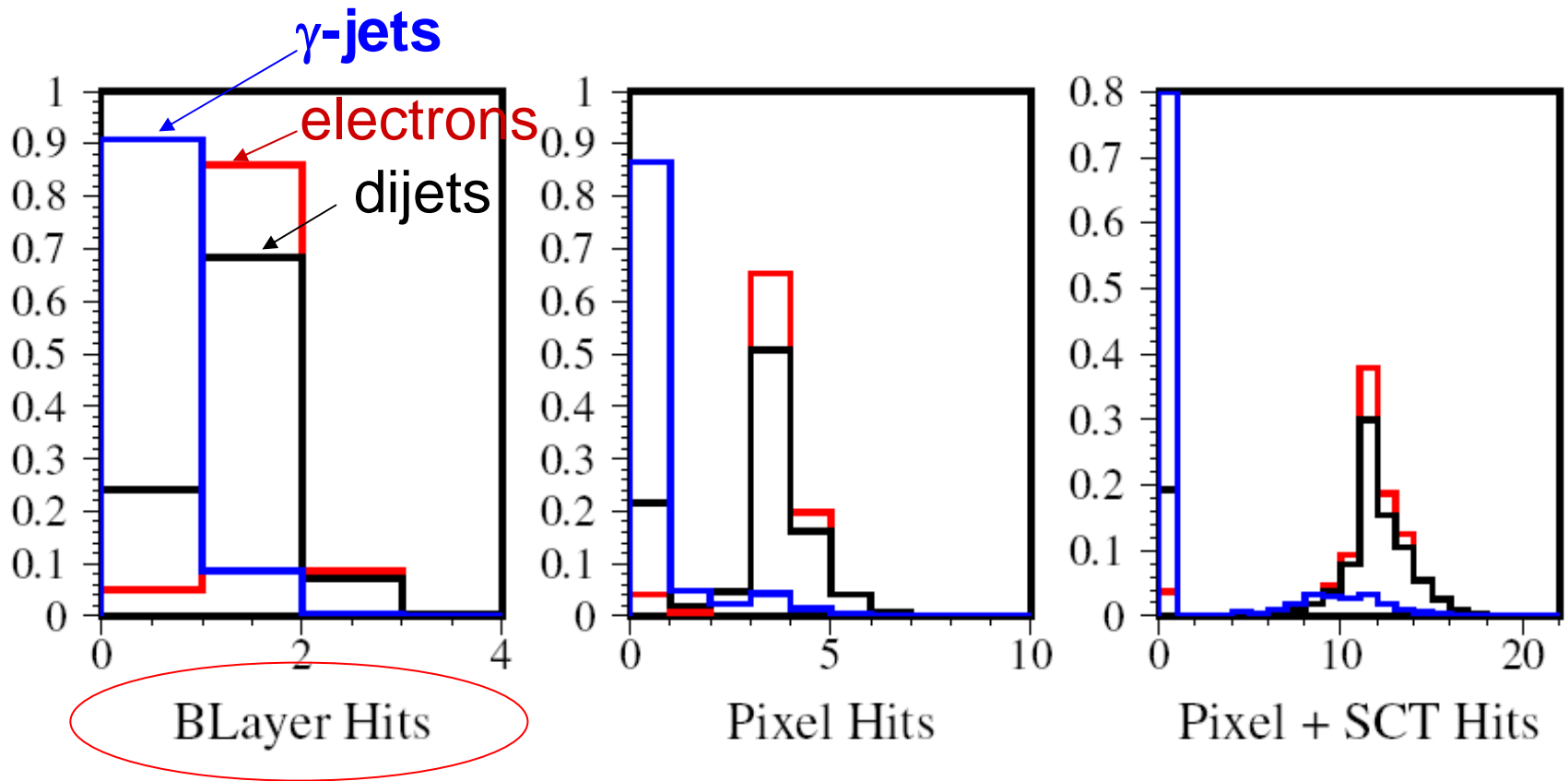


Input Variables for BDT

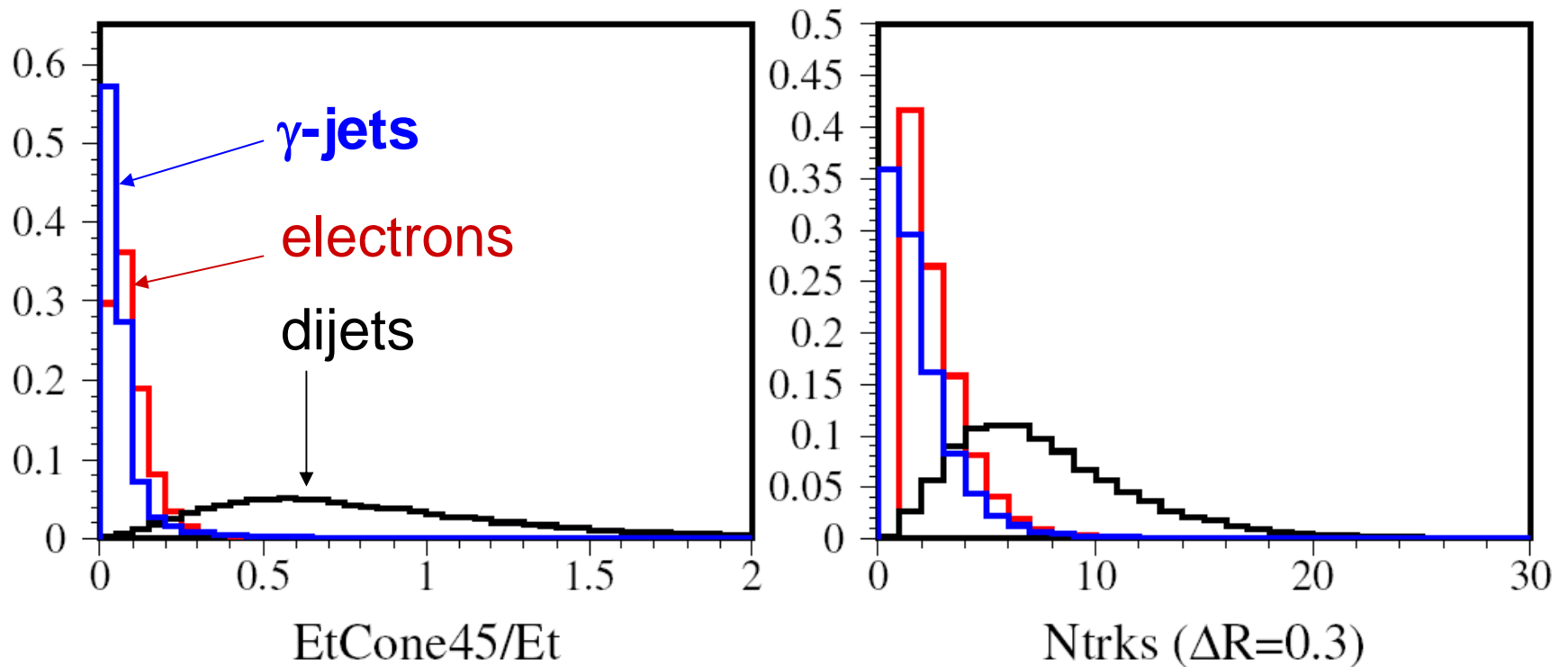
$Z \rightarrow ee$ (106050, red), JF17 (105802, black), γ jet (108087, blue)



Input Variables for BDT



Input Variables for BDT



BDT e-ID trained using dijet as background (list of top 10 powerful variables)

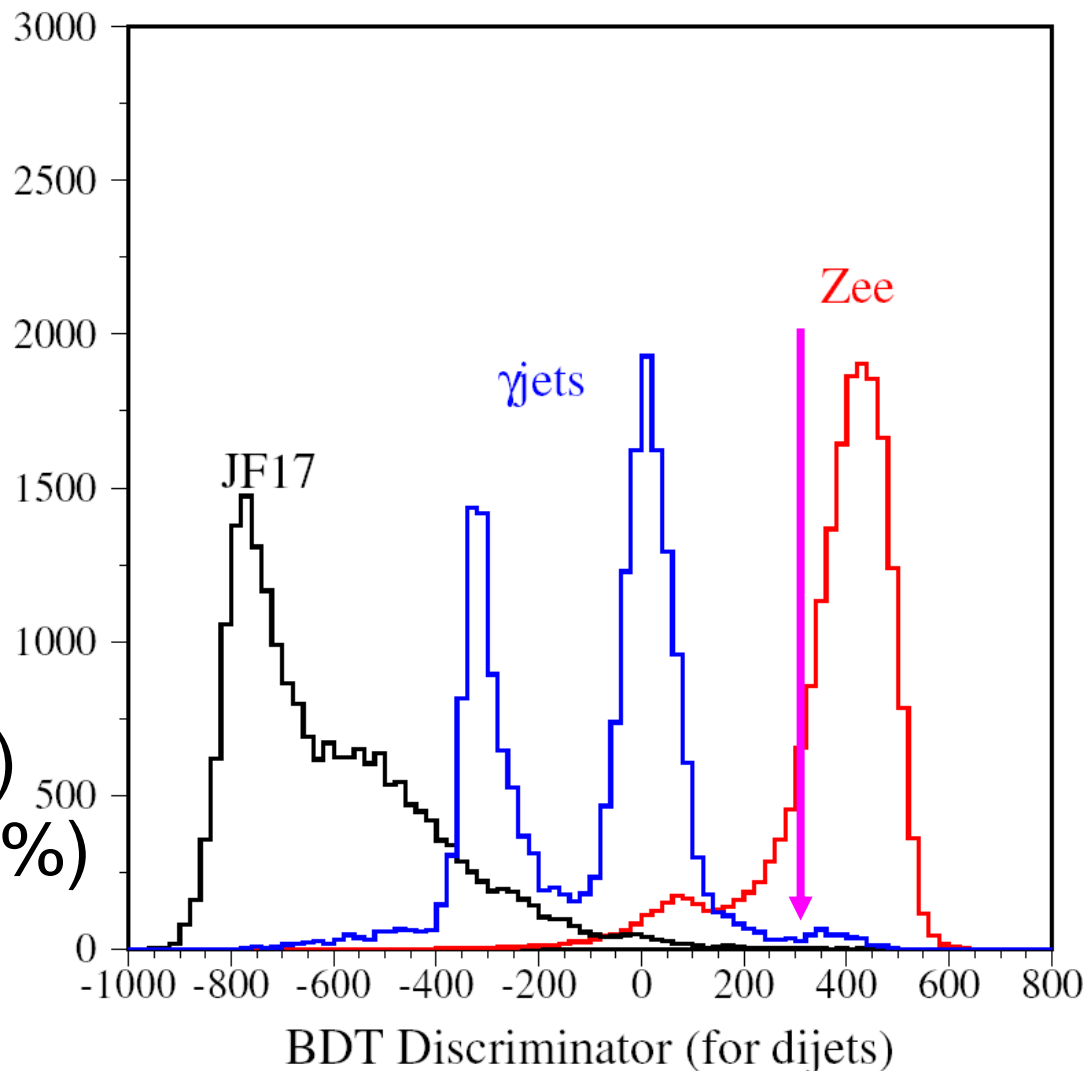
Rank	Input variable	Gini index
1	Etcone45 / Et	46.08%
2	E2tsts1-Emins1(Emax2-Emin in LAr. 1 st)	8.60%
3	No. of TRT hits / No. of B-layer hits	6.68%
4	deta1 between track and EM cluster	5.21%
5	Number of pixel hits	4.48%
6	F1(frac. of E deposited in LAr. 1 st samp)	4.32%
7	Ethad1/Et (E leakage in hcal. 1 st samp)	3.94%
8	E237 / E277	3.41%
9	Eta of inner track	2.33%
10	Number of B-layer hits	2.19%

BDT e-ID trained using dijets as background

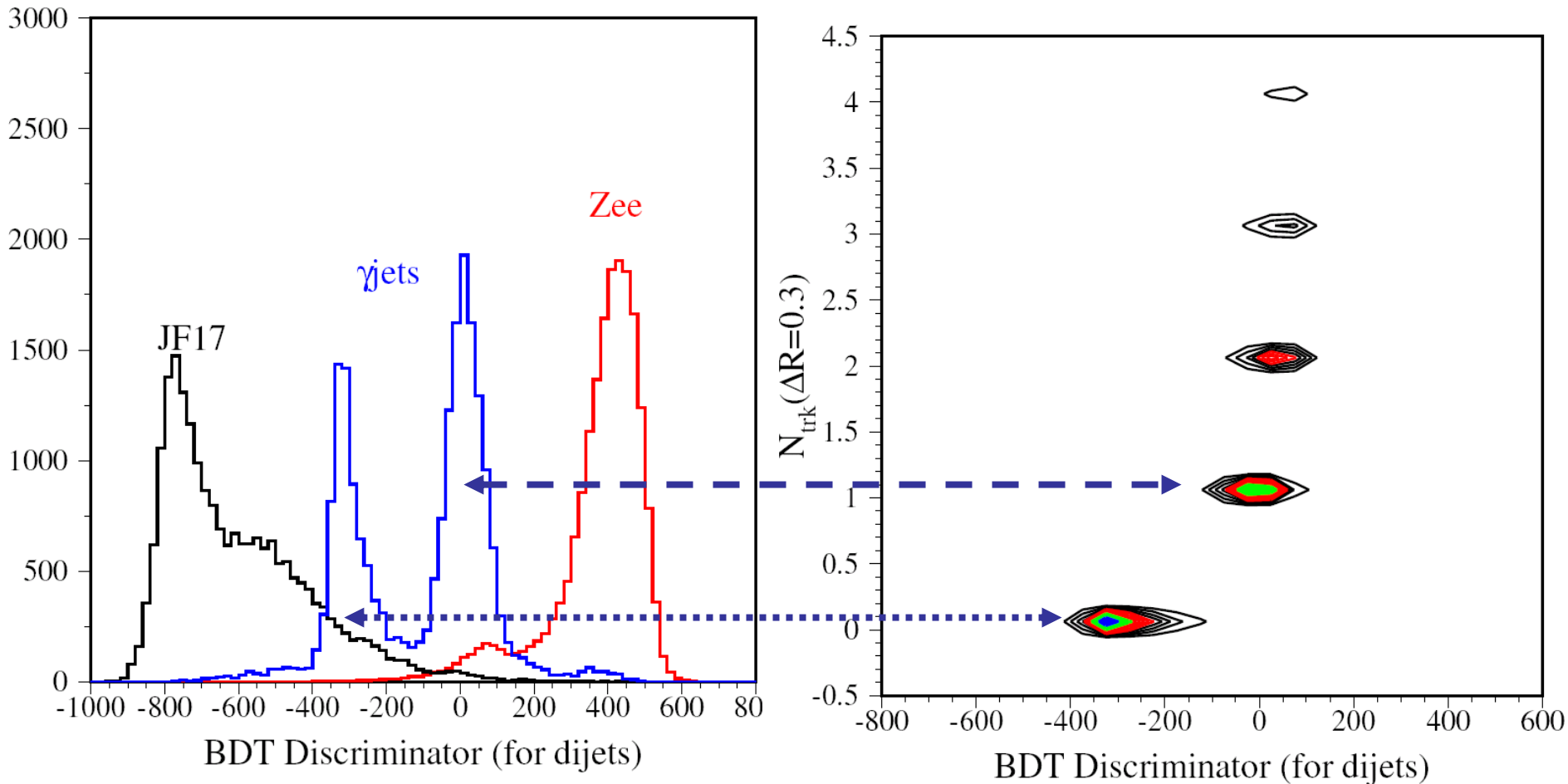
e-ID (BDT_dijet)

$E_t > 17\text{GeV}$

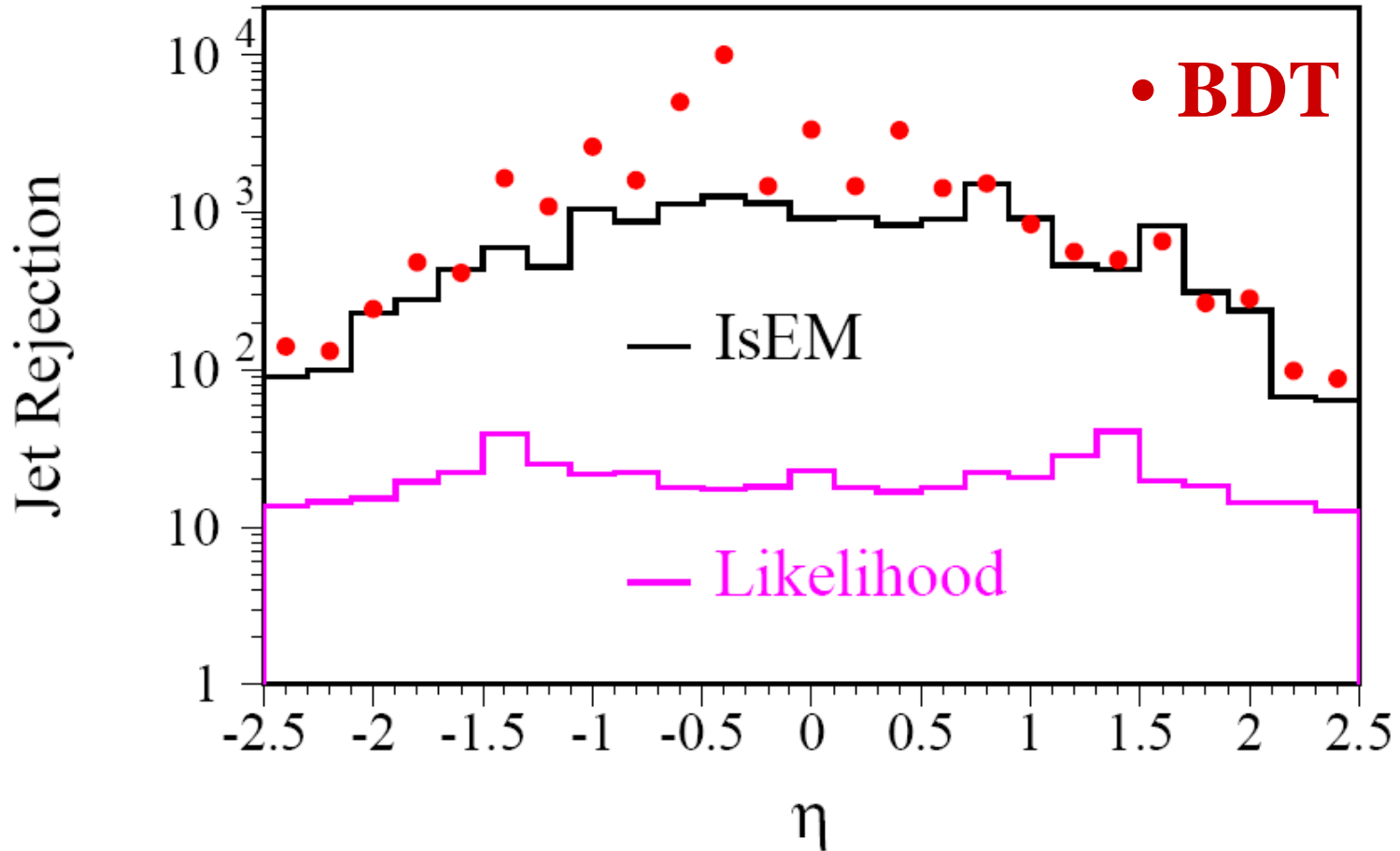
- Efficiency = 71%
- $\text{Rej}(\gamma\text{jet}) = 591 (\pm 5.5\%)$
- $\text{Rej}(\text{jf17}) = 47830 (\pm 23\%)$



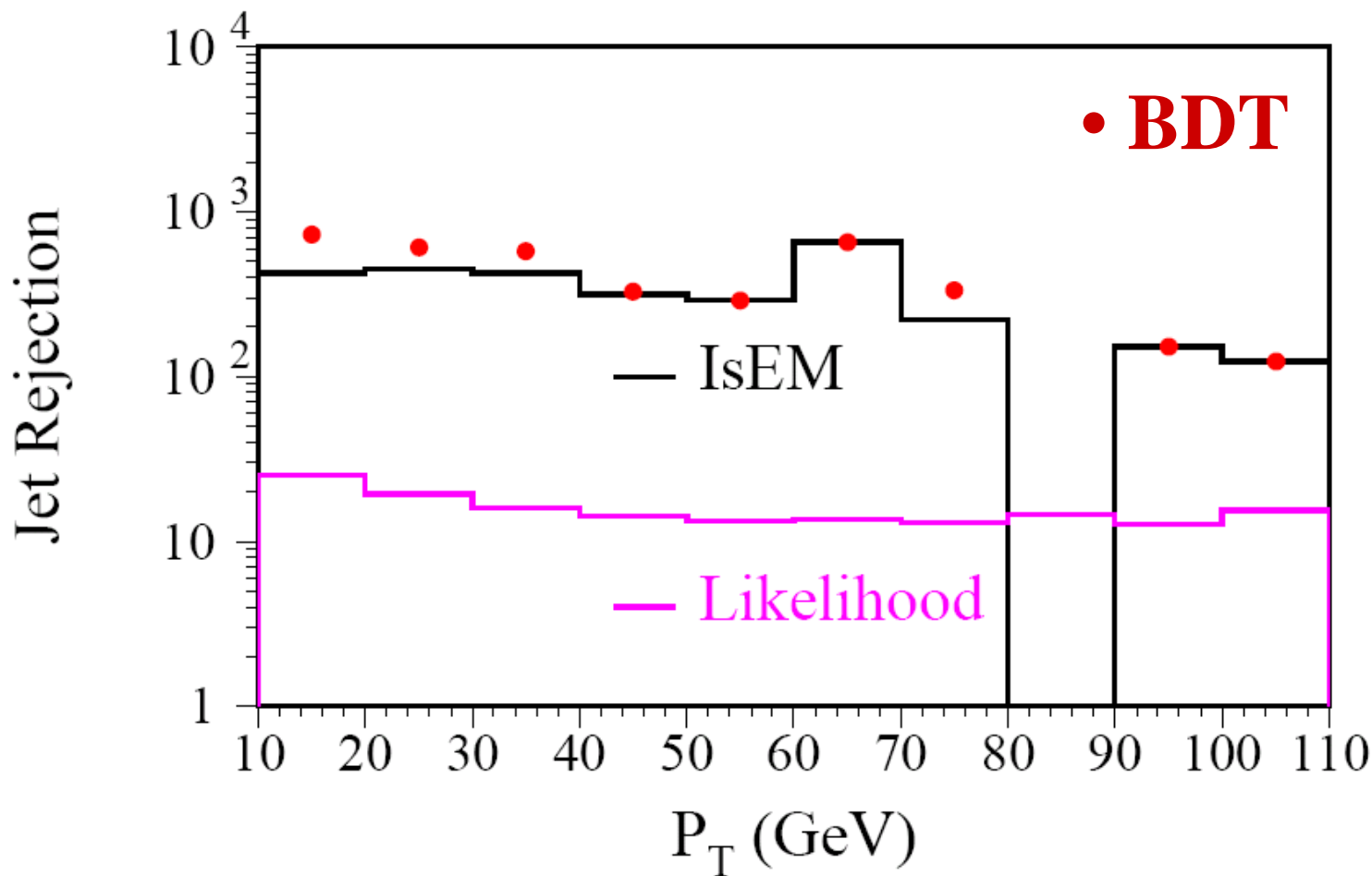
BDT peaks in γ jet samples? Correlations



Comparison of IsEM, Likelihood and BDT (trained using dijets)



Comparison of IsEM, Likelihood and BDT (trained using dijets)



BDT e-ID trained using γ jets as background (list of top 10 powerful variables)

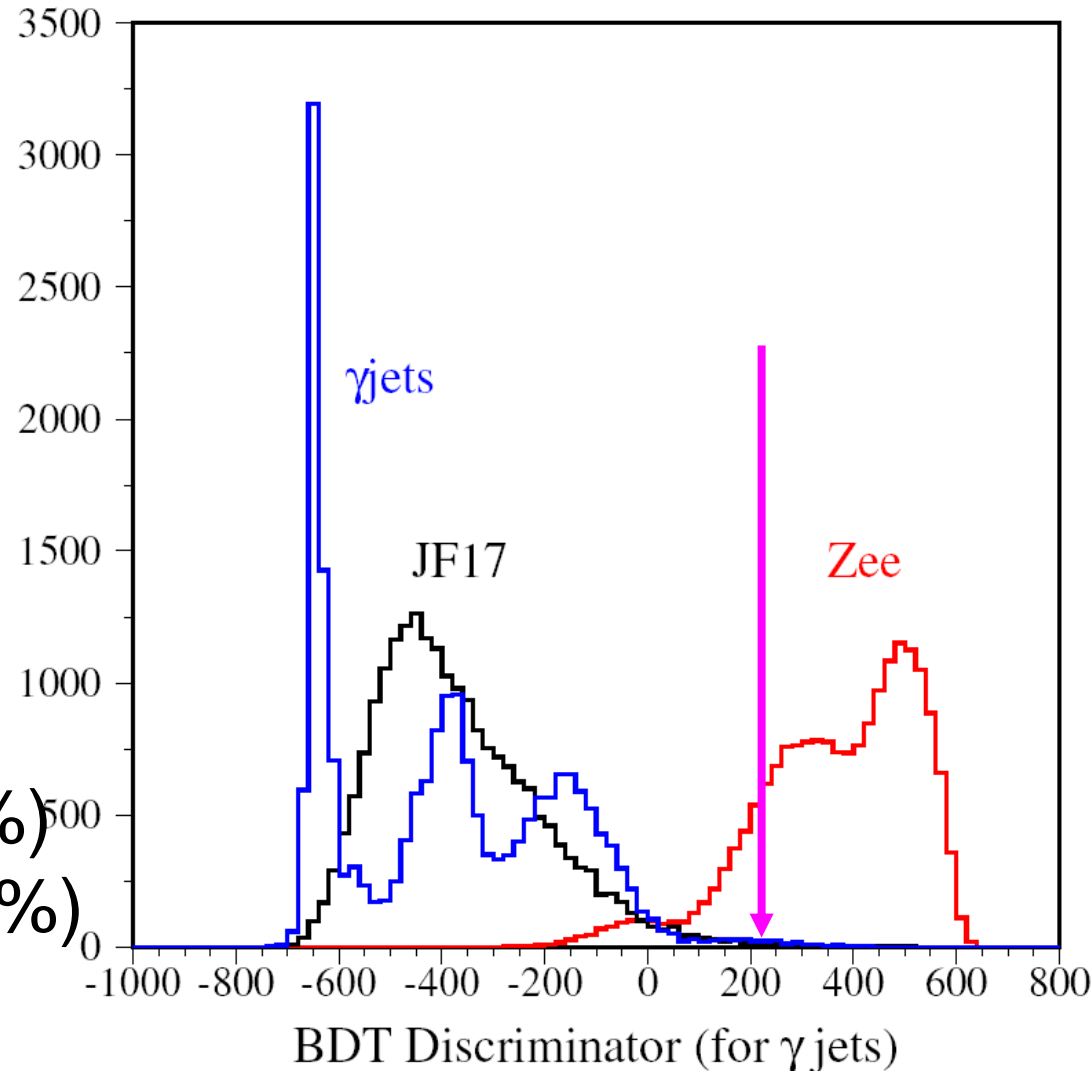
Rank	Input variable	Gini index
1	Number of B-layer hits	21.49%
2	Ntrk ($\Delta R=0.3$)	17.94%
3	ΣPt ($\Delta R=0.3$)	11.41%
4	Number of pixel hits	11.17%
5	E233 / E277	5.79%
6	E237 / E277	4.77%
7	No. of TRT hits / No. of B-layer hits	4.52%
8	deta1 between track and EM cluster	4.49%
9	Etcone45 / Et	4.20%
10	F1(frac. of E deposited in LAr. 1 st samp)	1.97%

BDT e-ID trained using γ jets as background

e-ID (BDT_ γ jet)

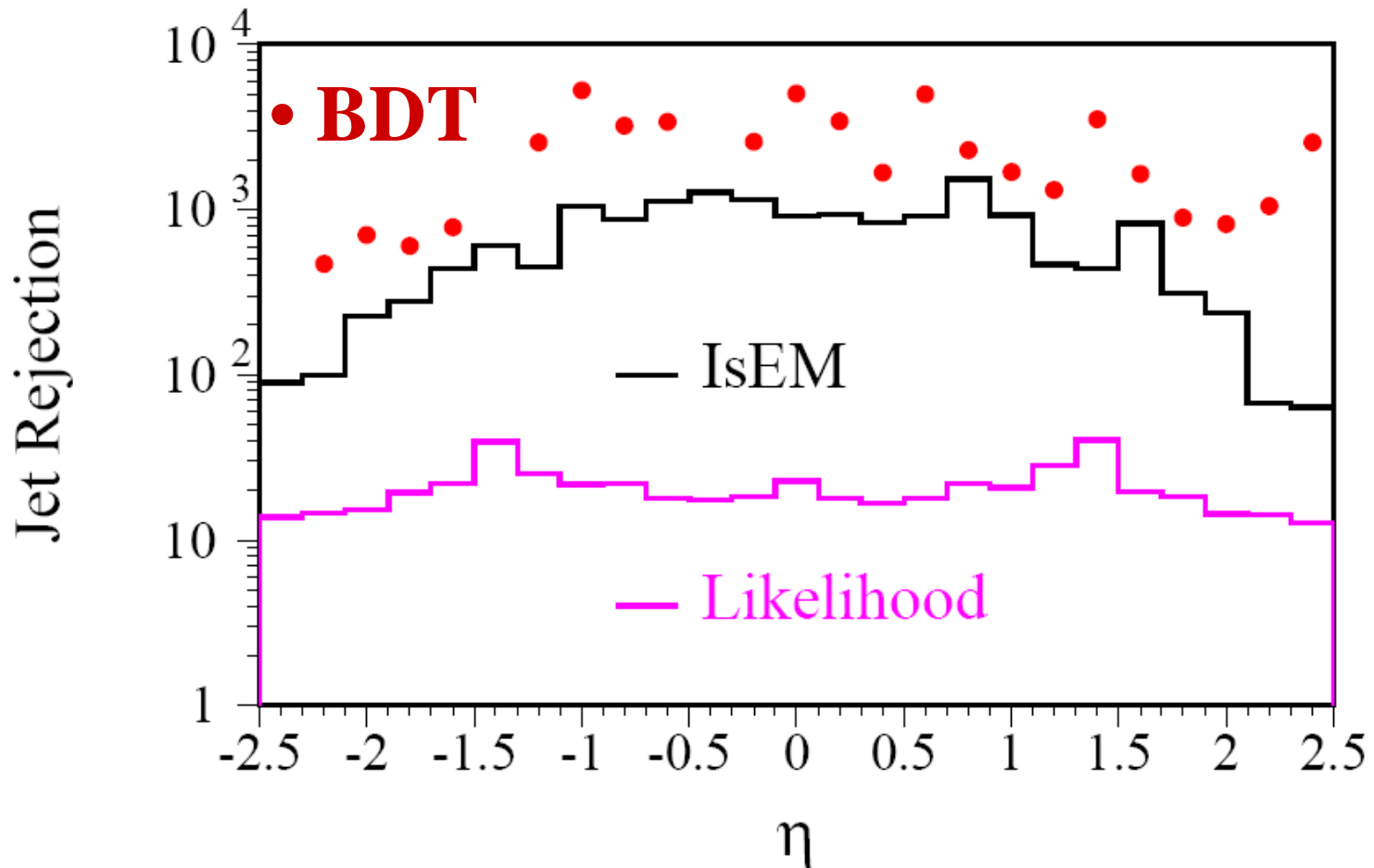
$E_t > 17\text{GeV}$

- Efficiency = 71%
- $\text{Rej}(\gamma\text{jet}) = 1788 (\pm 9.6\%)$
- $\text{Rej}(\text{jf17}) = 19081 (\pm 15\%)$



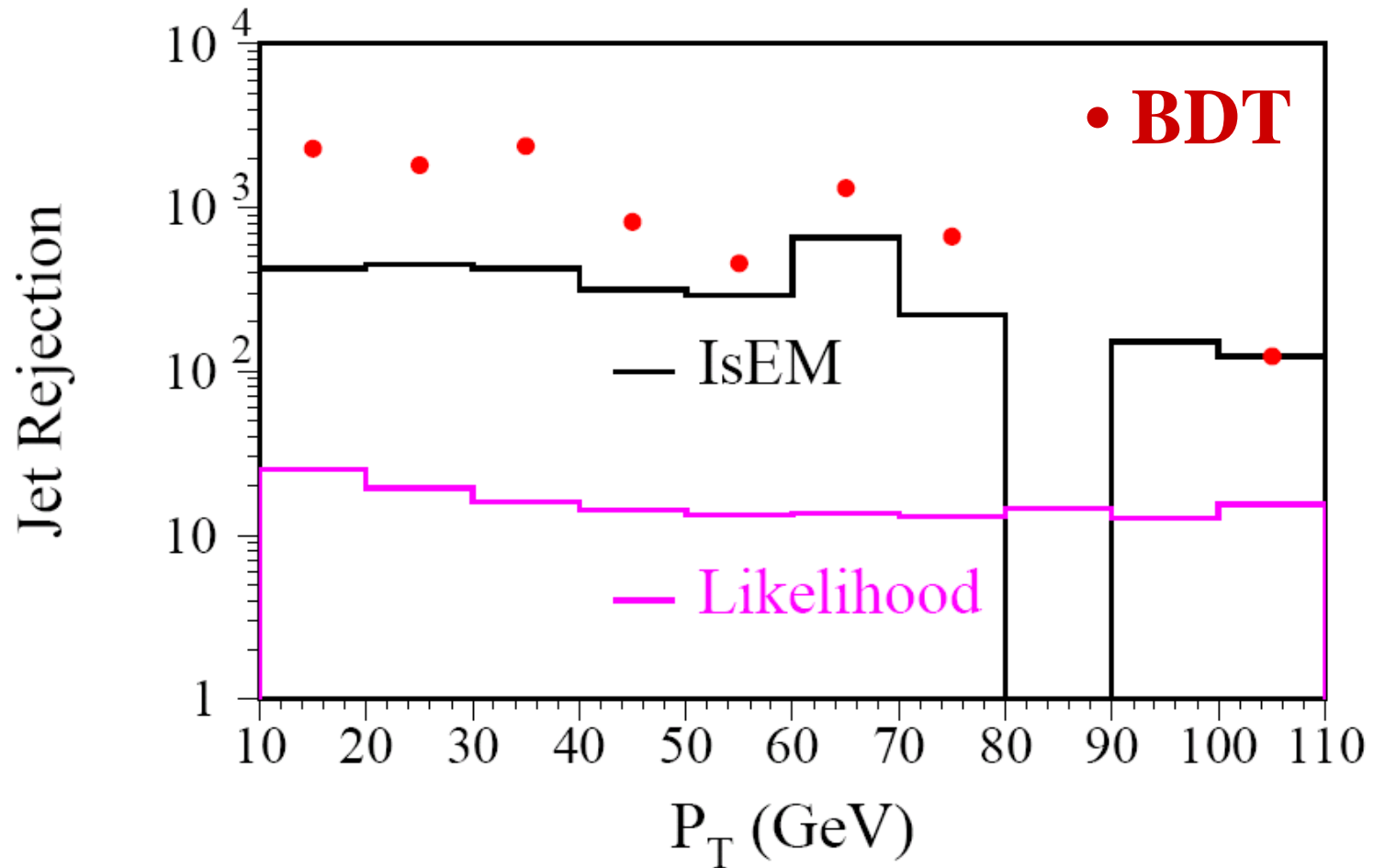
Performance Comparison

BDT e-ID trained using γ jets as background



Performance Comparison

BDT e-ID trained using γ jets as background

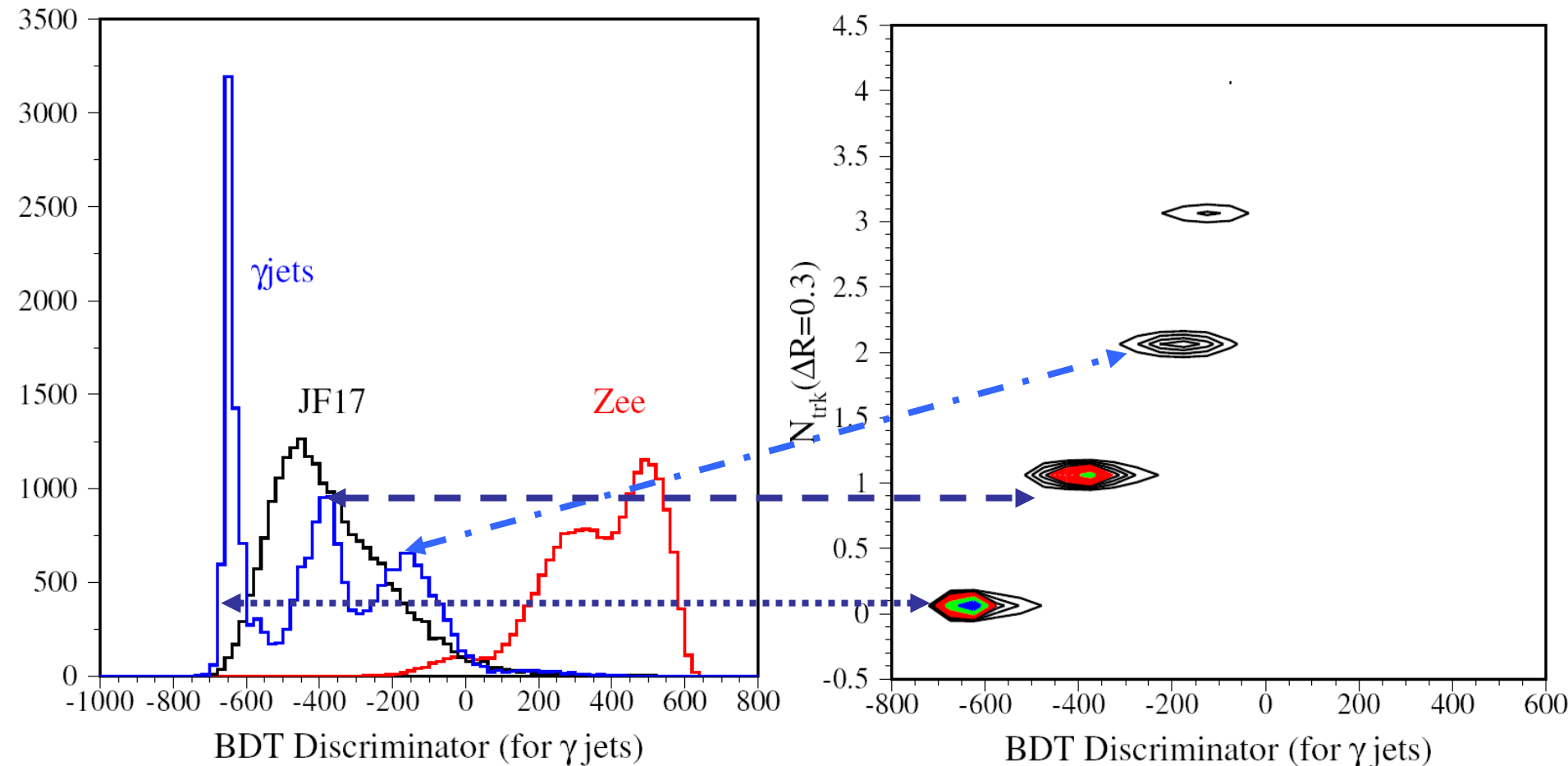


Summary

e-IDs \ samples	DS108087 γ Jet Rejection	DS105802 JF17 dijets Rejection	DS106050 Z \rightarrow ee Acceptance
IsEM (tight)	426(\pm 4.7%)	3092(\pm 5.9%)	71%(\pm 0.4%)
Likelihood	20(\pm 1.0%)	5200(\pm 7.6%)	71%(\pm 0.4%)
BDT(using dijets)	591(\pm 5.5%) 426(\pm 4.7%)	47830(\pm 23%) 27176(\pm 17%)	71%(\pm 0.4%) 77%(\pm 0.3%)
BDT(using γ jets)	1788(\pm 9.6%)	19081(\pm 15%)	71%(\pm 0.4%)

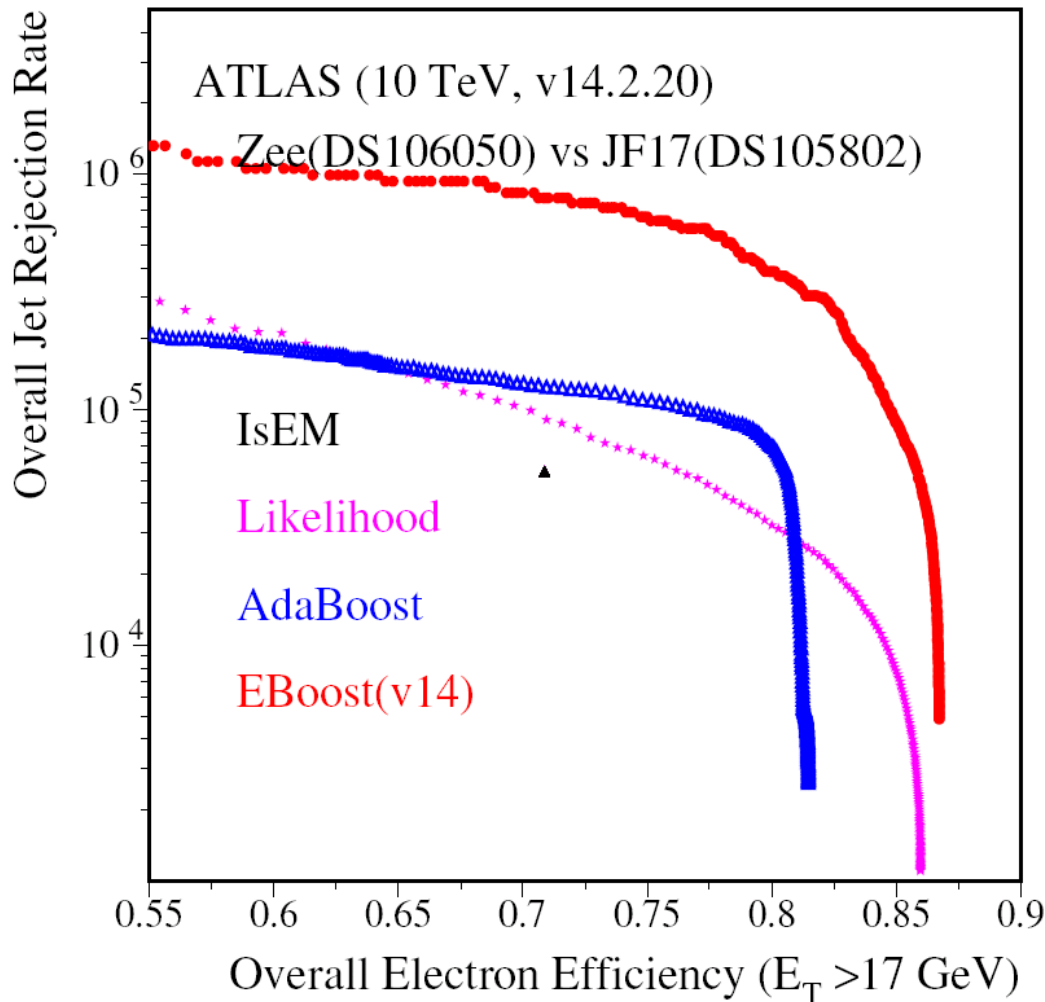
Backup Slides

BDT peaks in γ jet samples?



Comparison of e-ID Algorithms (v14)

→ Jet rejection rate based on number of MC truth jets



→ IsEM (tight)
Efficiency = 70.9%
jet rejection rate=5.5e4

→ Likelihood
Efficiency = 80%
jet rejection rate=3.2e4

→ AdaBoost
Efficiency = 80%
jet rejection rate=7.0e4

→ EBoost
Efficiency = 80%
jet rejection rate=3.9e5

Implementation of BDT Trees in Egamma Package and Test

- E-ID based on BDT has been implemented into egamma reconstruction package.
- We successfully run through the reconstruction package based on v14.2.22 and v14.5.0 to test the BDT e-ID.

