

# Impact of ILC Tracker Design on $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- X$ Analysis

Hai-Jun Yang & Keith Riles

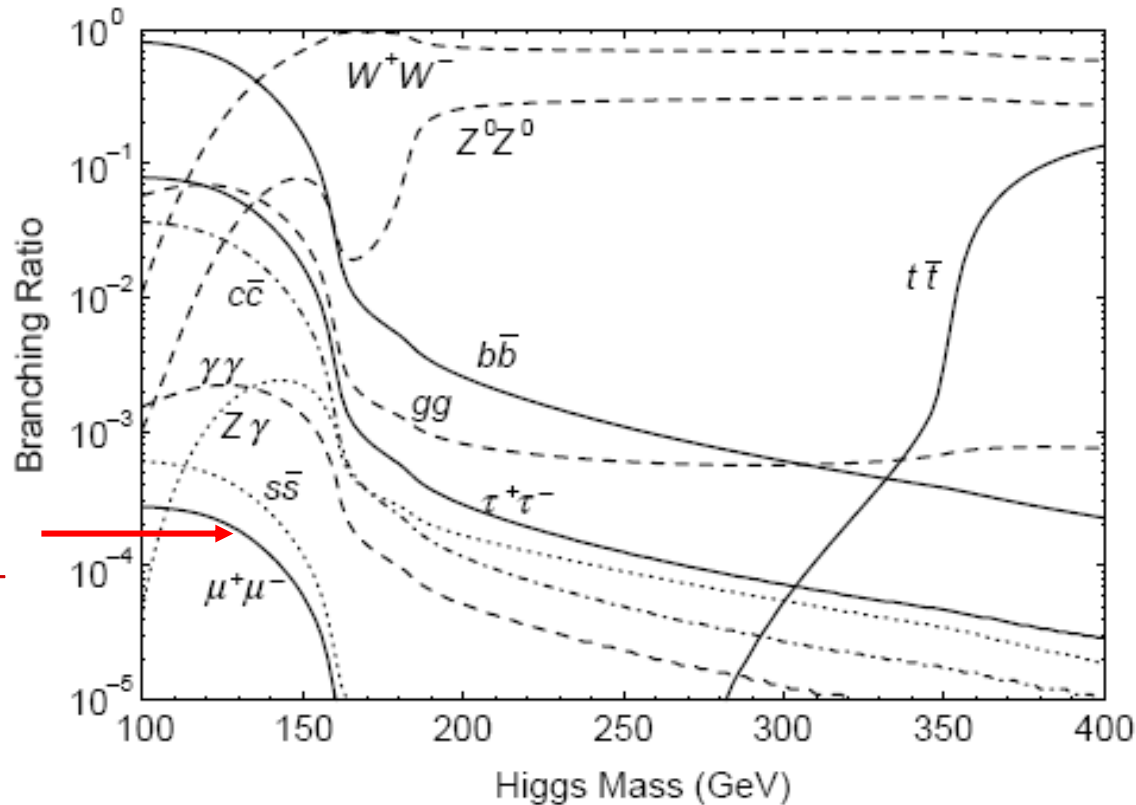
University of Michigan, Ann Arbor

ALCPG Workshop at Fermilab

October 22-26, 2007

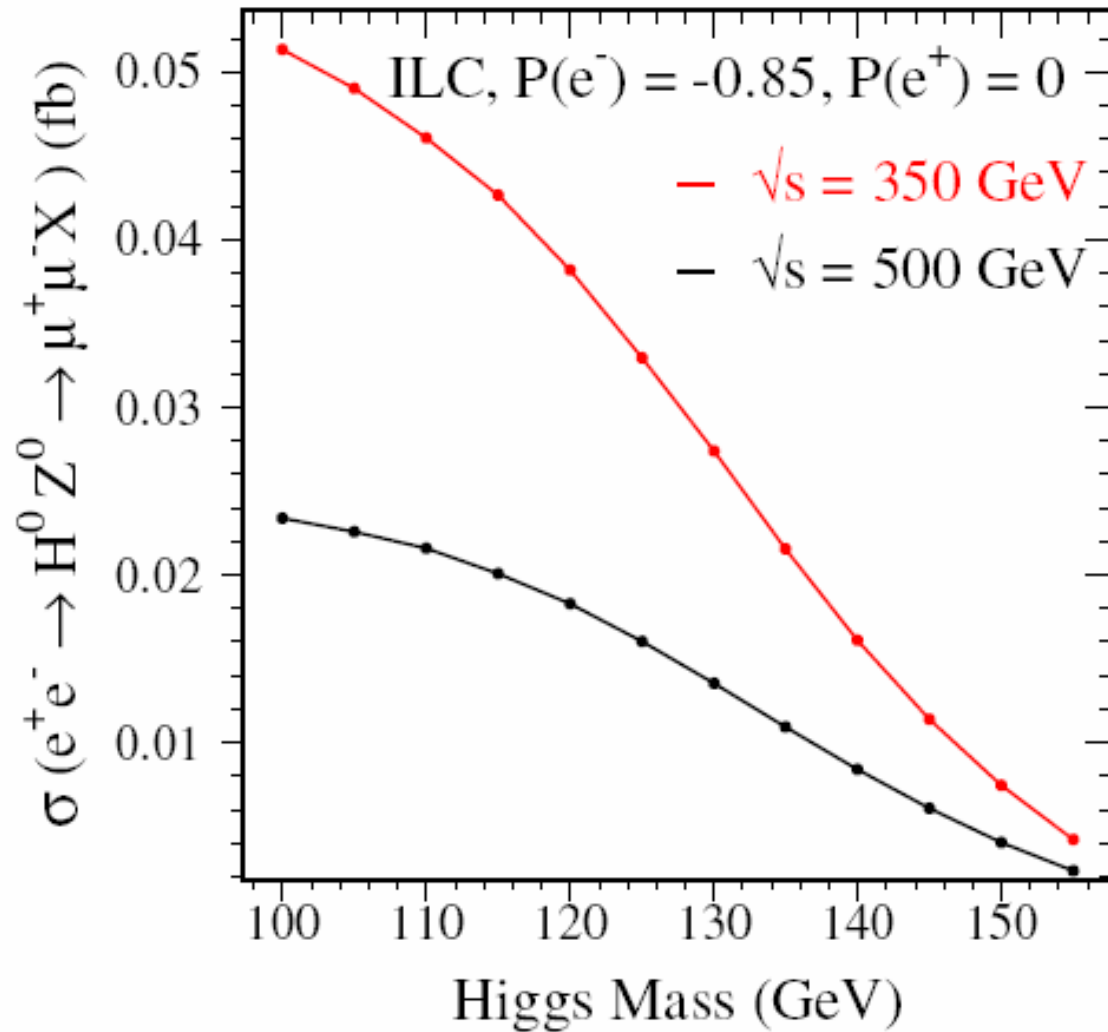
# Physics Motivation

→ To determine a suitable ILC SiD tracker momentum resolution capable of making a direct measurement of  $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- X$



Small BR  
 $H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

# Cross Section of $HZ \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- X$



# MC Generator & Analysis Tool

→  $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- X$

- Based on ILC350 beam setup
- Polarization of  $e^-$  is -85%,  $e^+$  is 0
- PandoraV2.3 (modified for  $H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  decay, thanks to Michael E. Peskin) and PythiaV3.3
- Java Analysis Studio V2.2.5
- SDMar01, Fast MC Simulation and 1000 fb<sup>-1</sup>
- Track momentum resolution for SDMar01

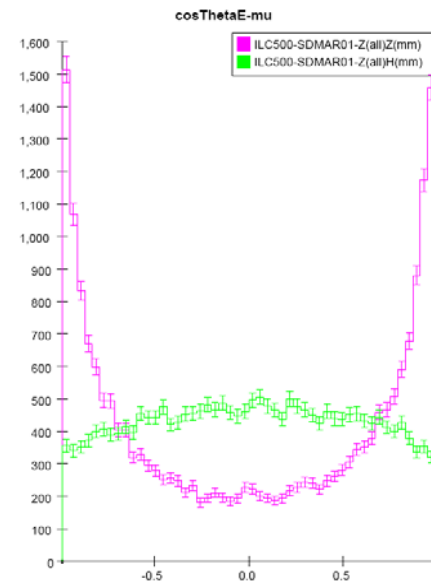
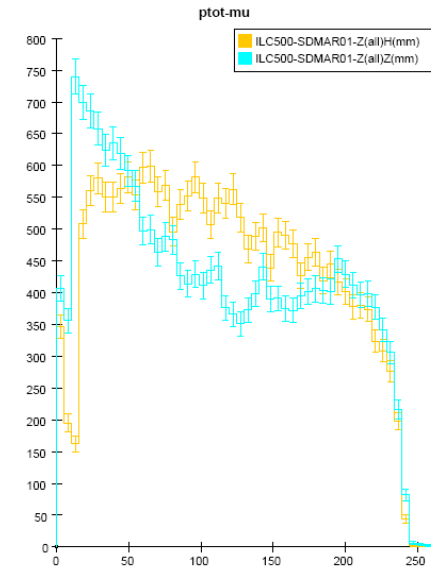
$$\Delta(1/p_t) = \sqrt{(2*10^{-5})^2 + (7*10^{-4}/p_t/\sqrt{\sin\theta})^2}$$

# Monte Carlo Samples

- Signal – 10K:  $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- X$ 
  - $M_H=100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150$  GeV
  - Cross sections are 51, 46, 38, 27, 16, 7 ab, respectively.
  - Expected counts are 51, 46, 38, 27, 16, 7 for  $1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- Background  $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- X$  – 100 K, 31.6 fb
- Background  $e^+e^- \rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- \nu\nu$  – 400 K, 149.68 fb
- Background  $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z/\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  - 500K, 2574.0 fb
- Background  $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- \gamma$  - 400K, 416.3 fb
- Background  $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- H$ 
  - $M_H=100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150$  GeV
  - 10K events for each Higgs mass point

# Preselection Cuts

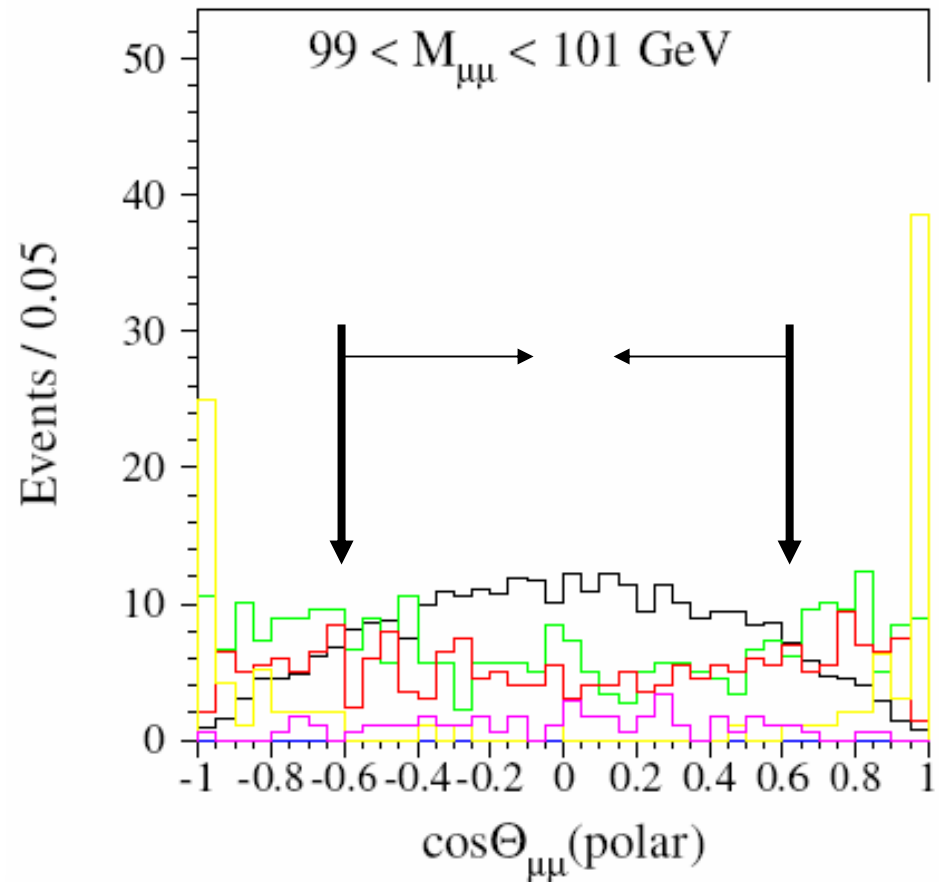
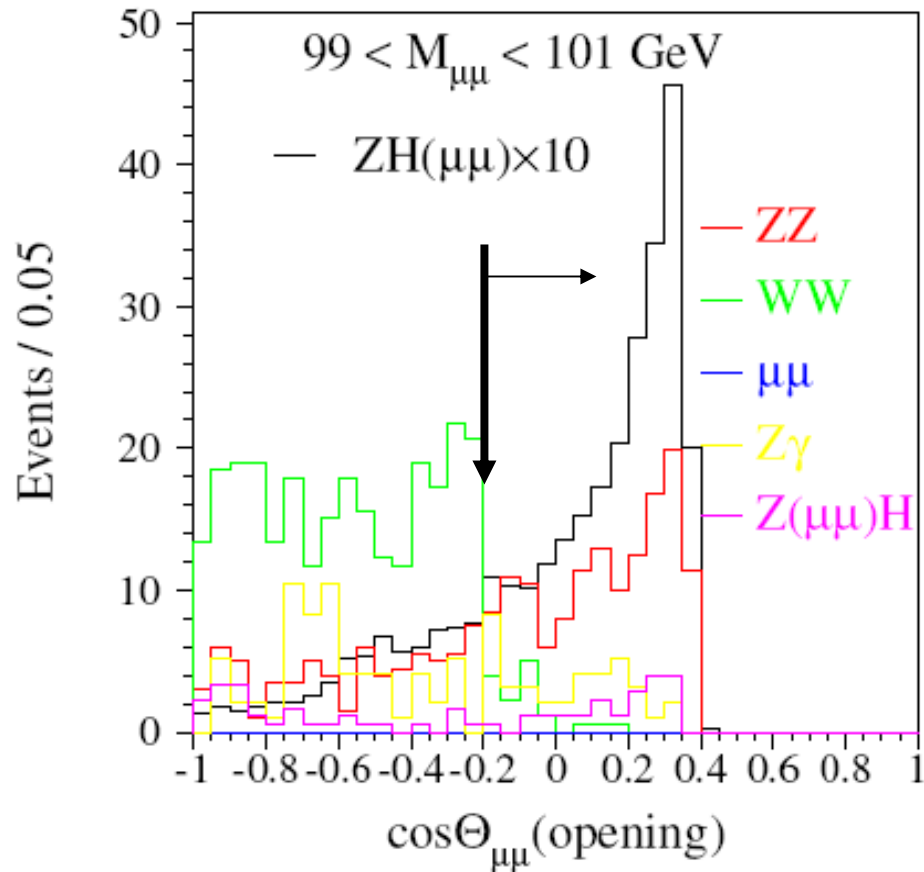
- “Good”  $\mu$ :
  - a)  $P_{\mu} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
  - b)  $|\cos \Theta_{\mu}| < 0.8$
- At least 2 “Good”  $\mu$
- Eff\_signal  $\sim 62.4\% - 65\%$



# Selection Cuts ( $M_H=100$ GeV)

Opening angle between two  $\mu$

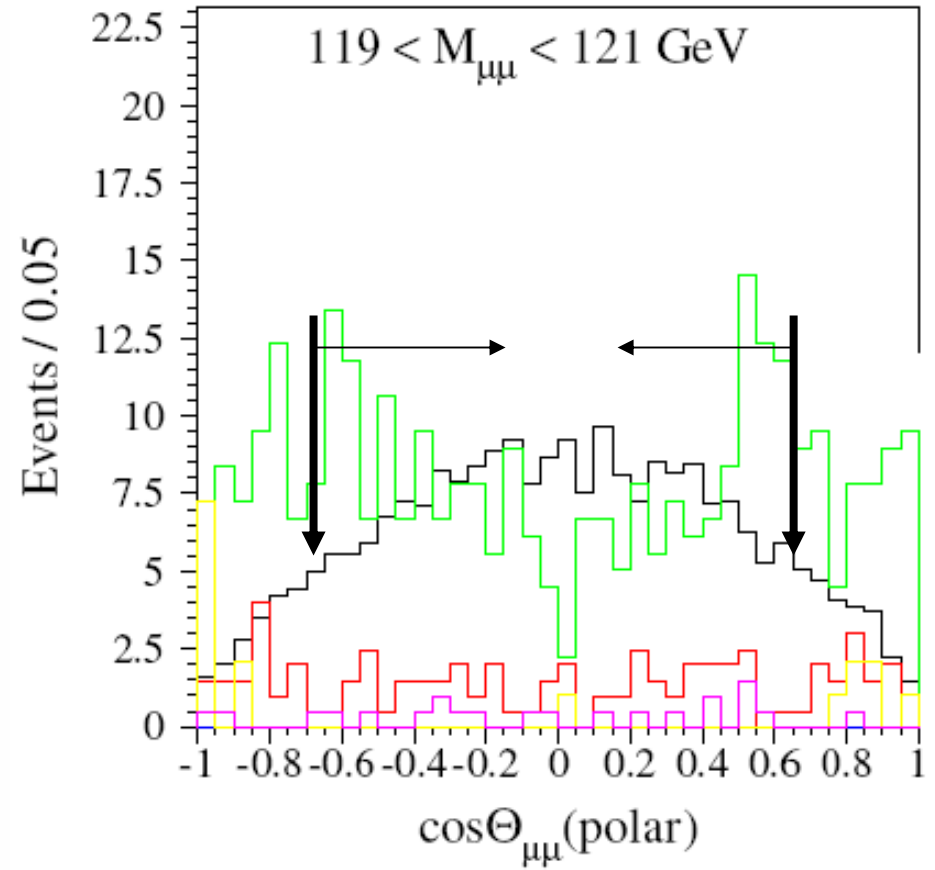
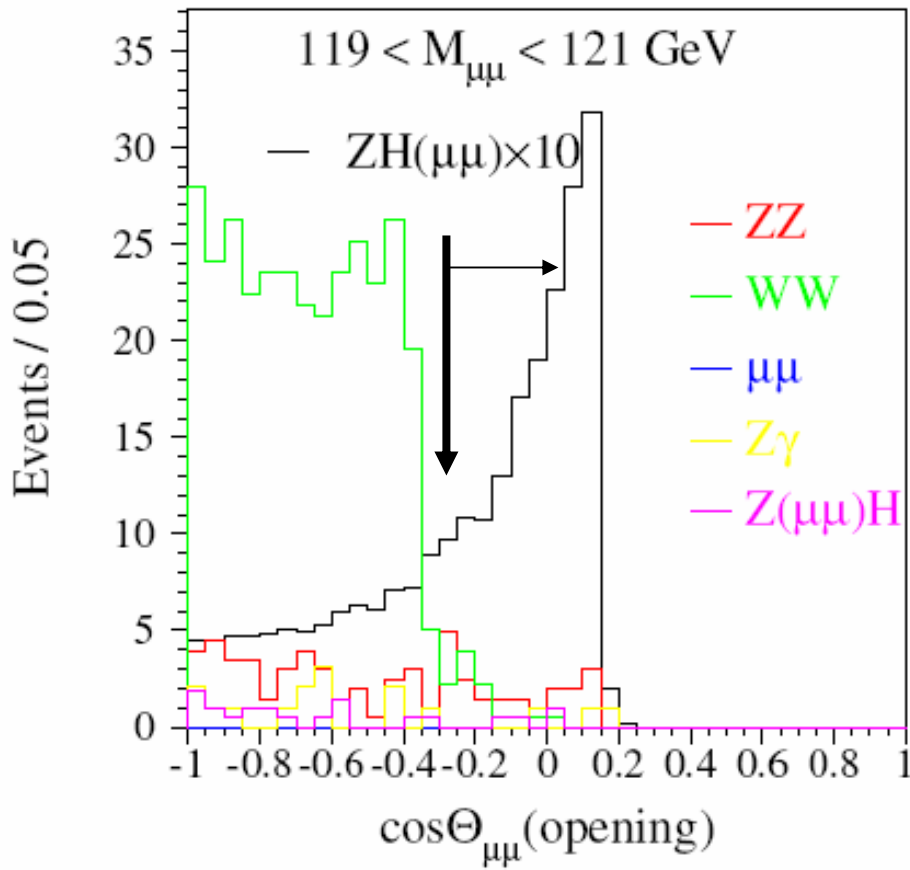
Polar angle of two  $\mu$



# Selection Cuts ( $M_H=120$ GeV)

Opening angle between two  $\mu$

Polar angle of two  $\mu$





# Selection Efficiency

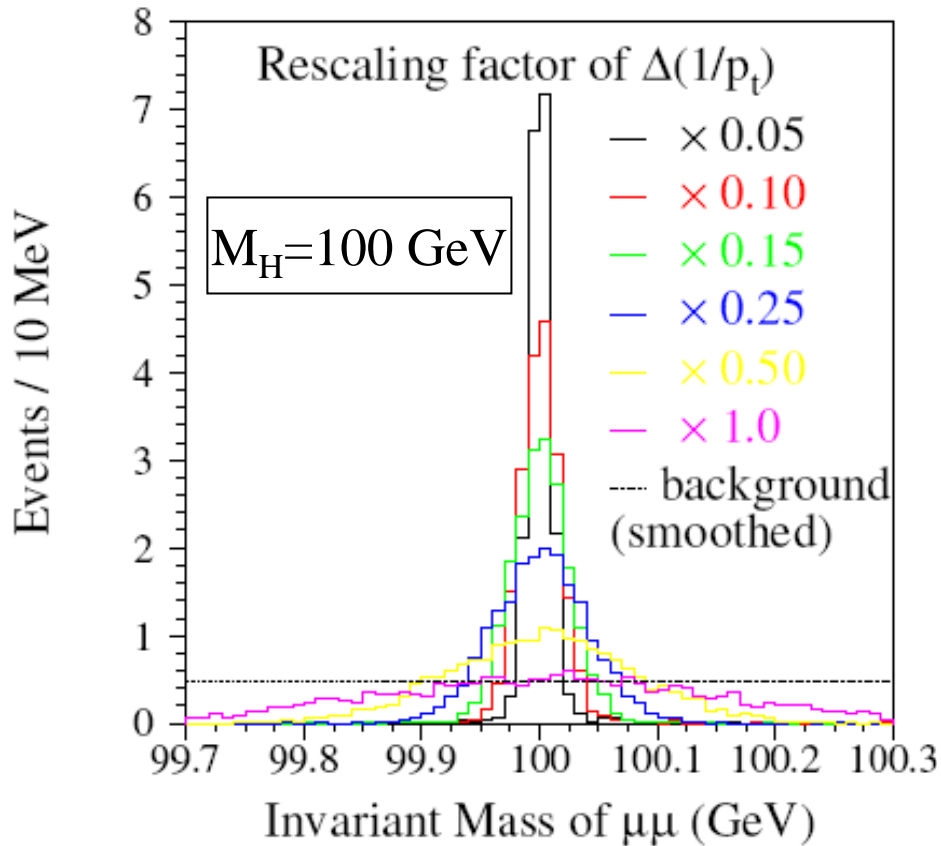
$M_{\mu\mu}(\text{GeV})$	$\cos\theta_{\mu\mu(\text{opening})}$	$ \cos\theta_{\mu\mu(\text{polar})} $	Eff	ZH( $\mu\mu$ )	ZZ	WW	$\mu\mu$	Z $\gamma$	Z( $\mu\mu$ )H
$100 \pm 1$	$> -0.2$	$< 0.6$	37.6%	19.3	76.6	3.4	0.0	1.04	17.0
$110 \pm 1$	$> -0.2$	$< 0.6$	34.7%	15.9	19.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.2
$120 \pm 1$	$> -0.3$	$< 0.7$	36.6%	13.9	8.95	1.12	0.0	0.0	1.5
$130 \pm 1$	$> -0.4$	$< 0.7$	34.3%	9.4	2.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.9
$140 \pm 1$	$> -0.4$	$< 0.7$	28.0%	4.5	0.5	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.8
$150 \pm 1$	$> -0.4$	$< 0.8$	24.3%	1.8	0.0	1.24	0.0	0.0	0.0



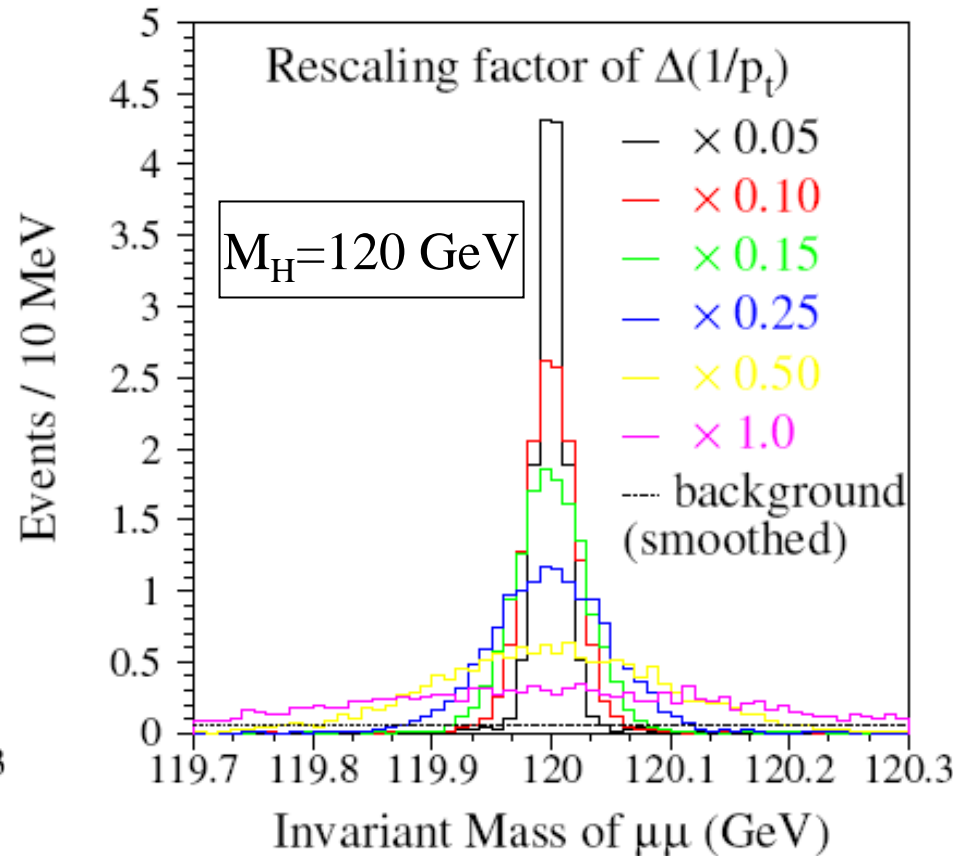
→ Lower efficiency for higher Higgs mass, which is mainly caused by wider opening angle between  $\mu\mu$  decay from Higgs.

# $M_{\mu\mu}$ vs Track Momentum Resolution

ILC350, SDMar01,  $Z \rightarrow \text{all}$ ,  $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ,  $1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

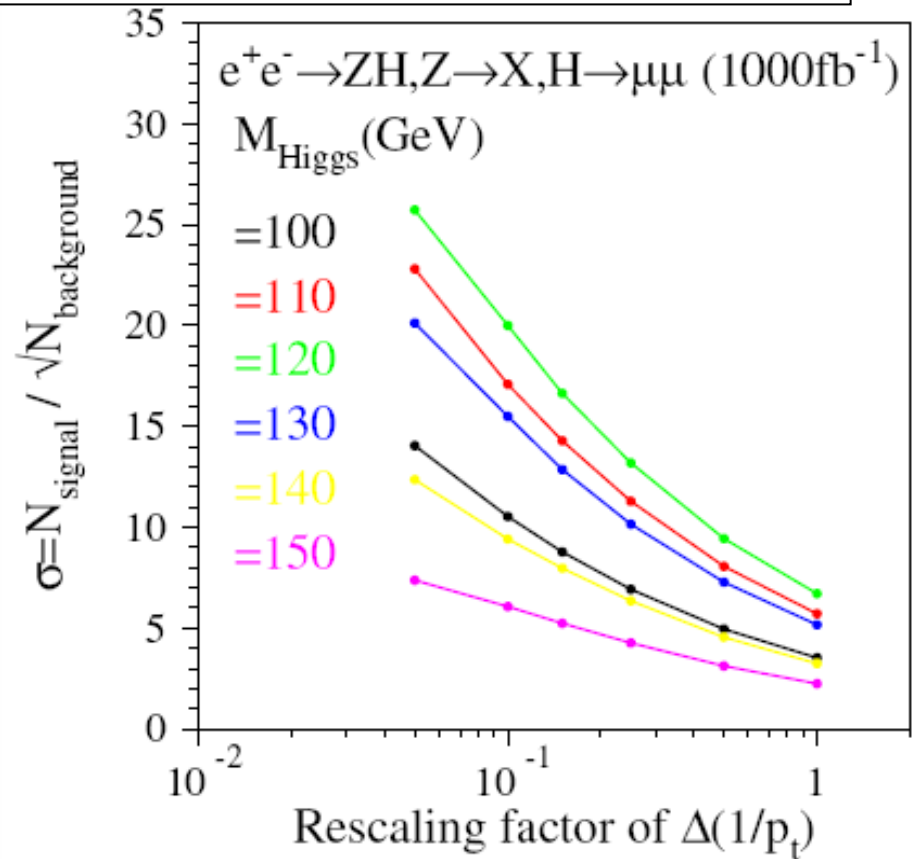
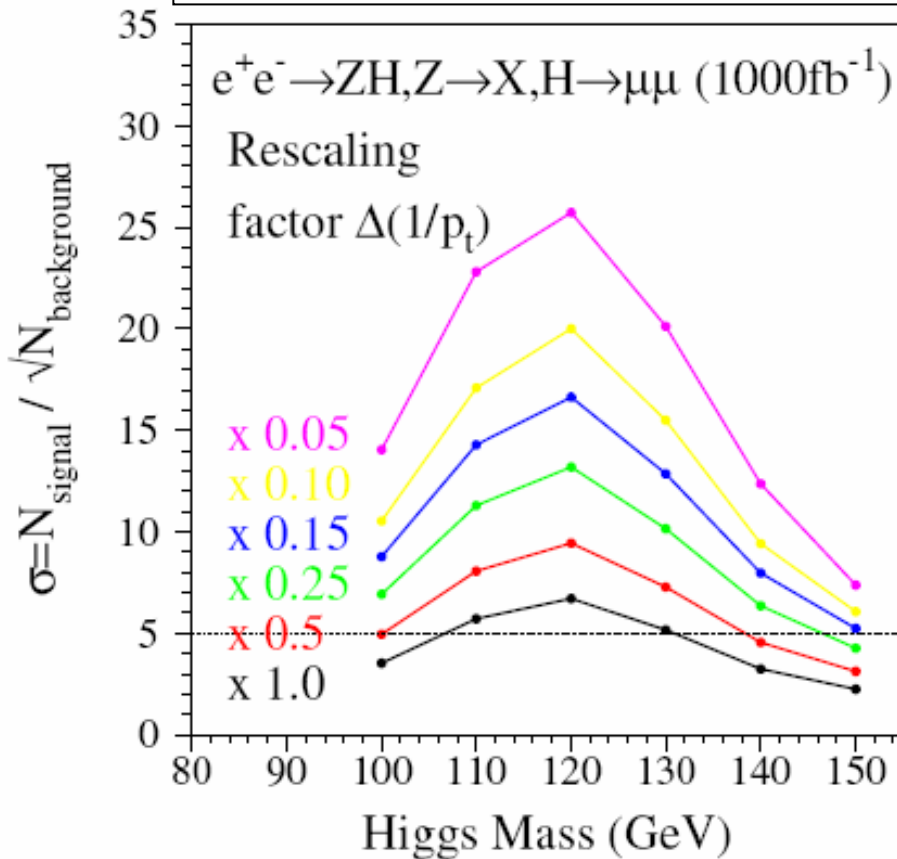


ILC350, SDMar01,  $Z \rightarrow \text{all}$ ,  $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ,  $1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



# Signal Events - Detection Significance

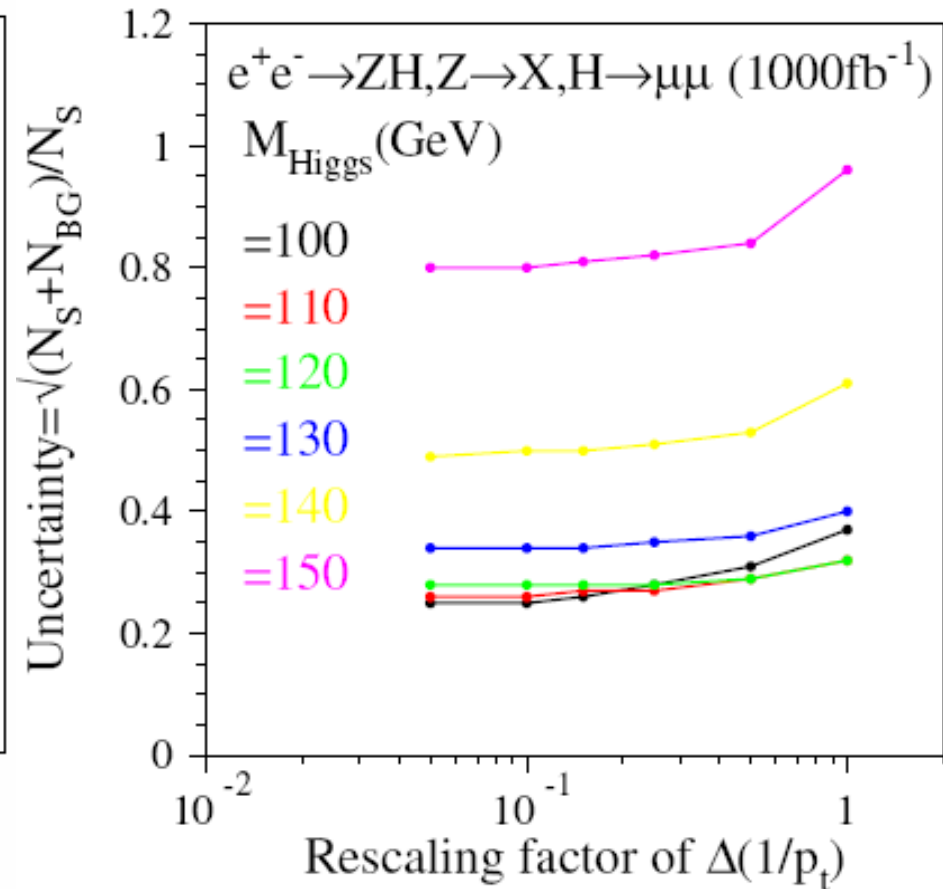
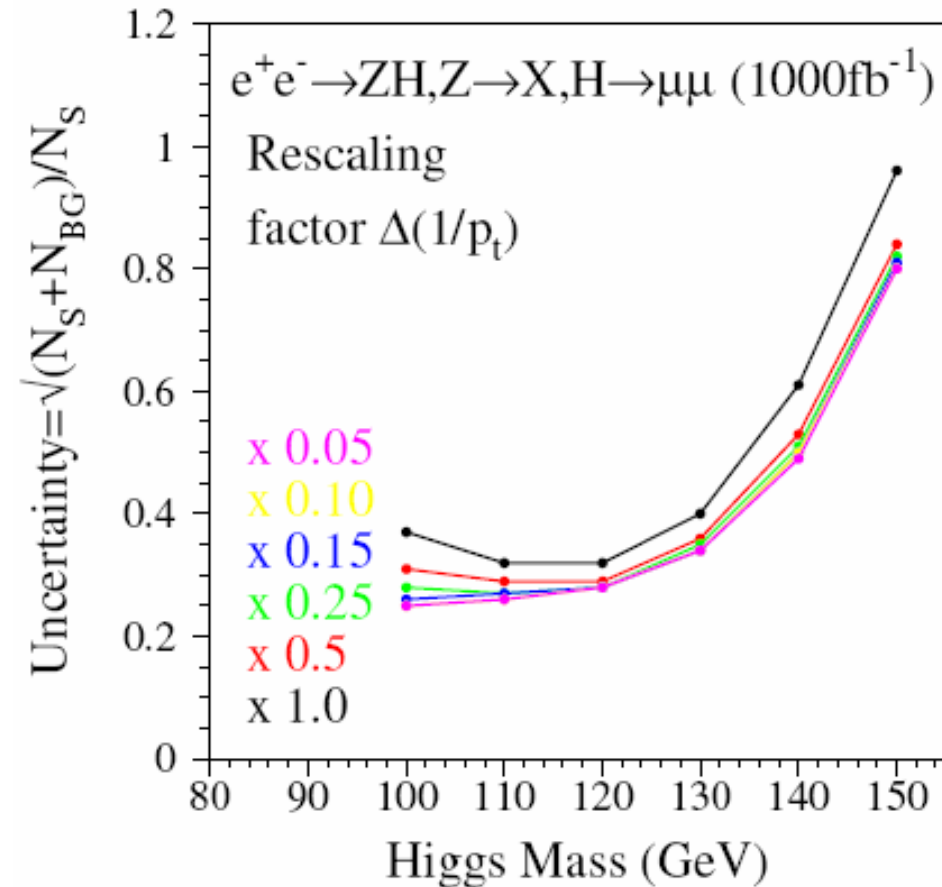
→ Optimize Higgs significance for each Higgs mass point.



→ The  $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$  significance is improved with better track resolution.

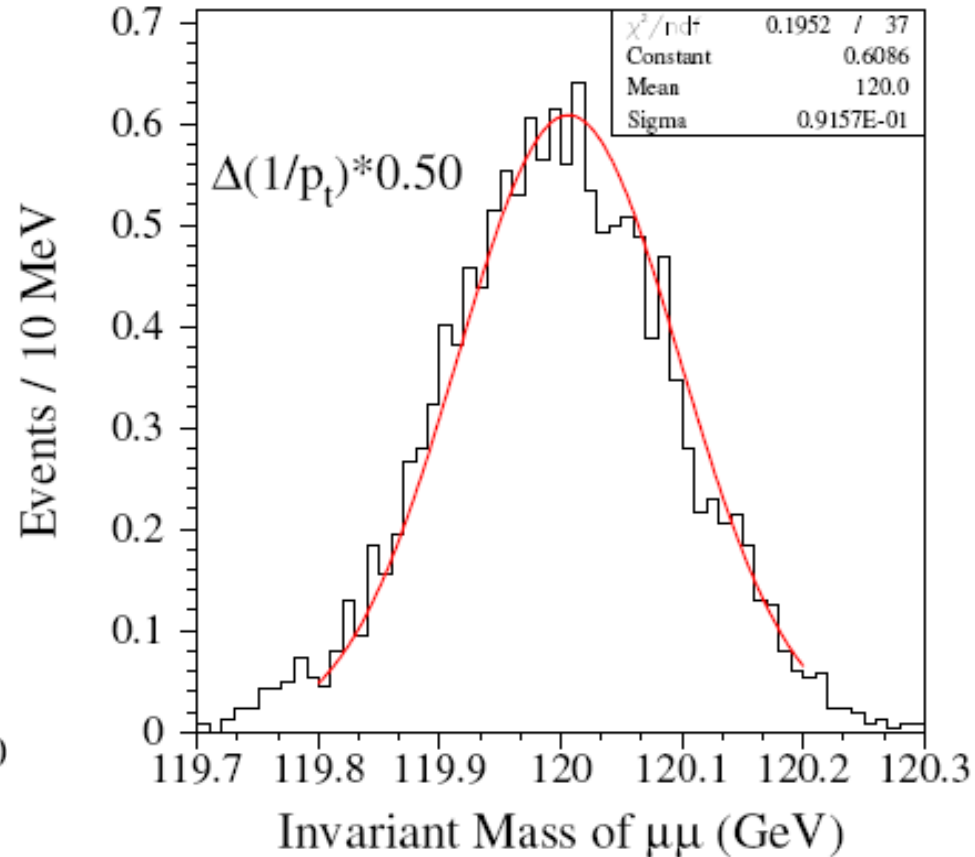
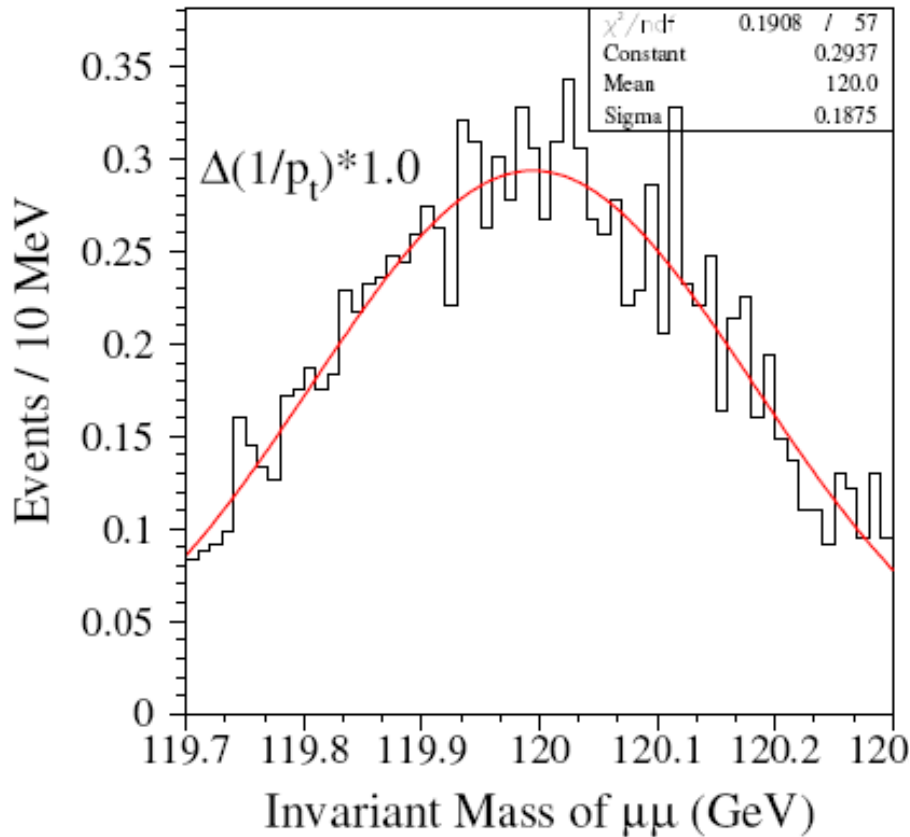
# Branching Ratio Uncertainty

➔ The detection significance improves significantly with improved momentum resolution, but branching ratio of  $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$  improves only modestly.



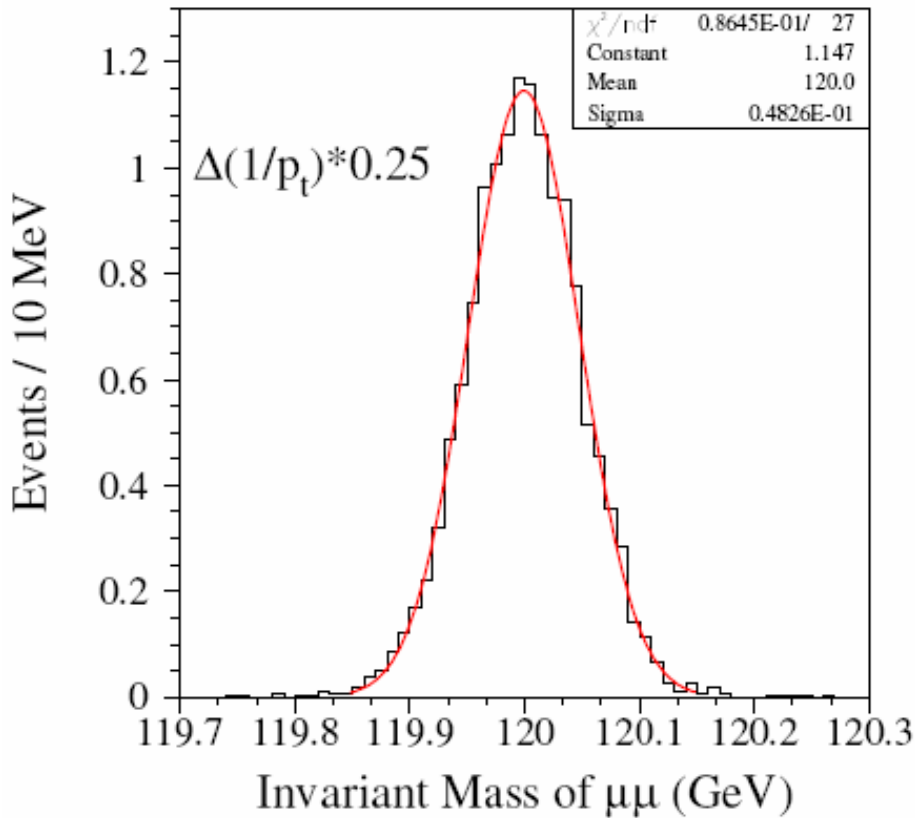
# Higgs Mass Resolution

ILC350, SDMar01,  $Z \rightarrow \text{all}$ ,  $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ,  $1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  ILC350, SDMar01,  $Z \rightarrow \text{all}$ ,  $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ,  $1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

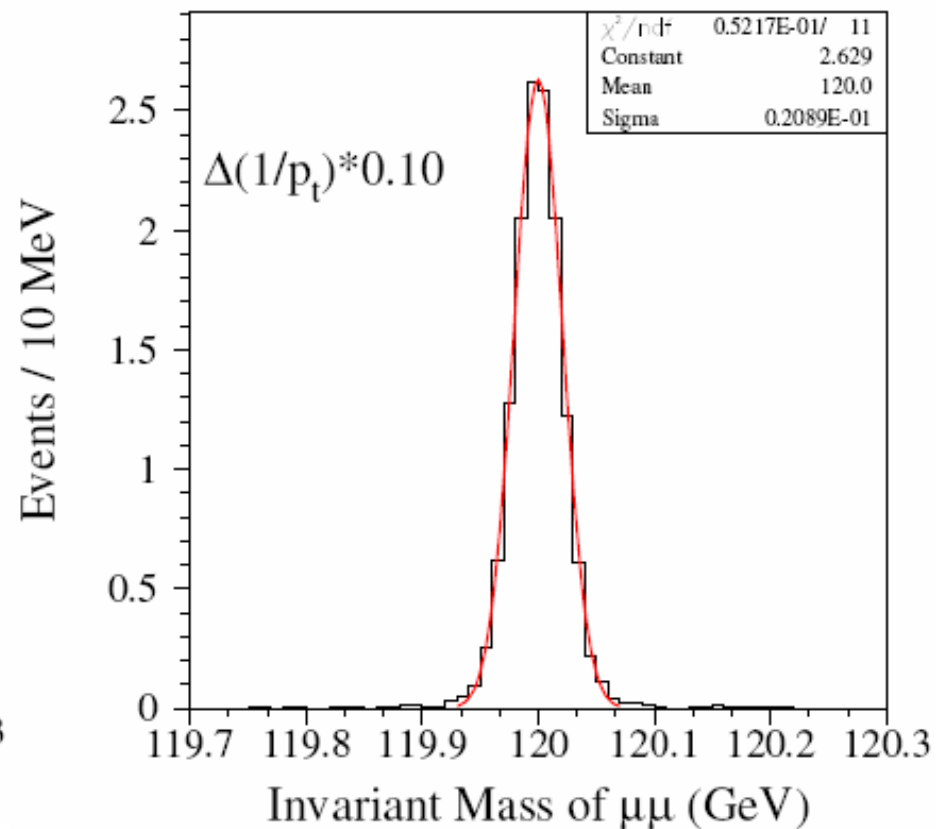


# Higgs Mass Resolution

ILC350, SDMar01, Z→all, H→μμ, 1000 fb<sup>-1</sup>

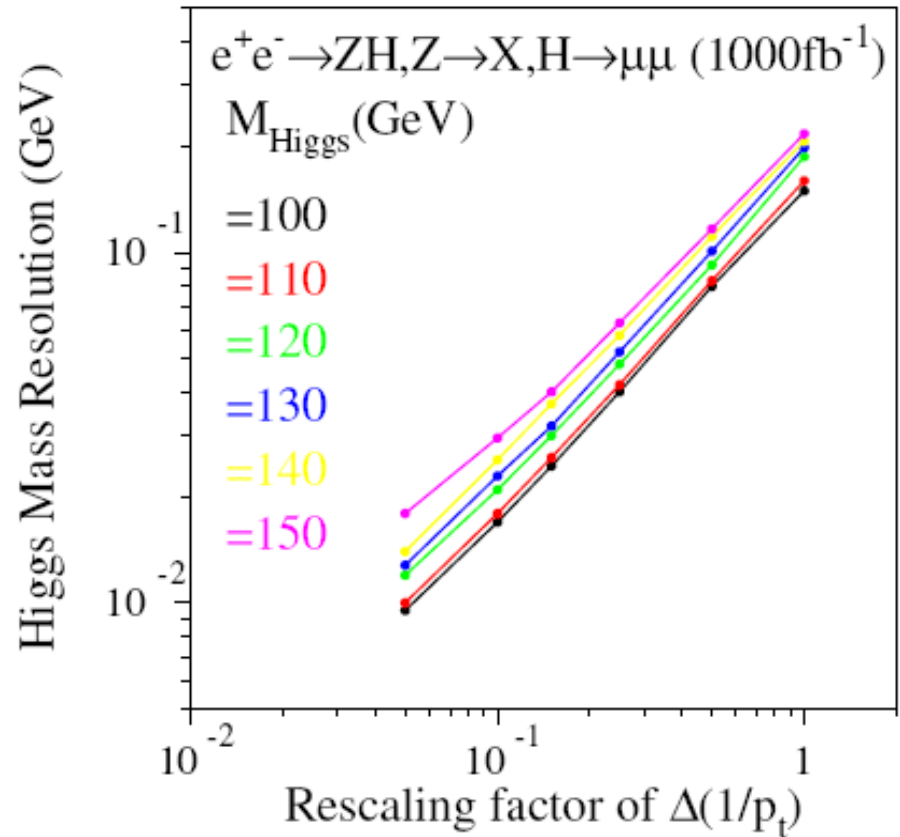
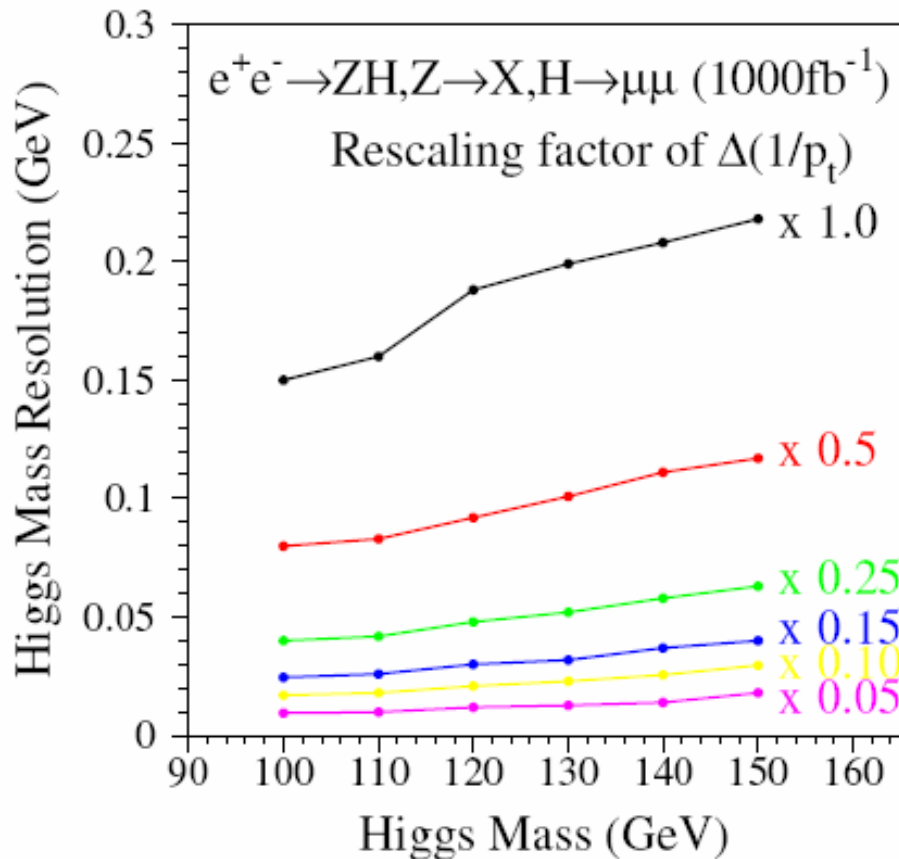


ILC350, SDMar01, Z→all, H→μμ, 1000 fb<sup>-1</sup>



# Higgs Mass Resolution

➔ Better Higgs mass resolution with better track resolution.



# Preliminary Conclusions

- The SD tracker with nominal track momentum resolution makes it possible but still hard to measure  $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- X$ .
- But the direct measurement is feasible ( $>5$  sigma for light Higgs mass  $\sim 100-140\text{GeV}$ ) if the track momentum resolution is improved by a factor of  $\sim 2$  or more.